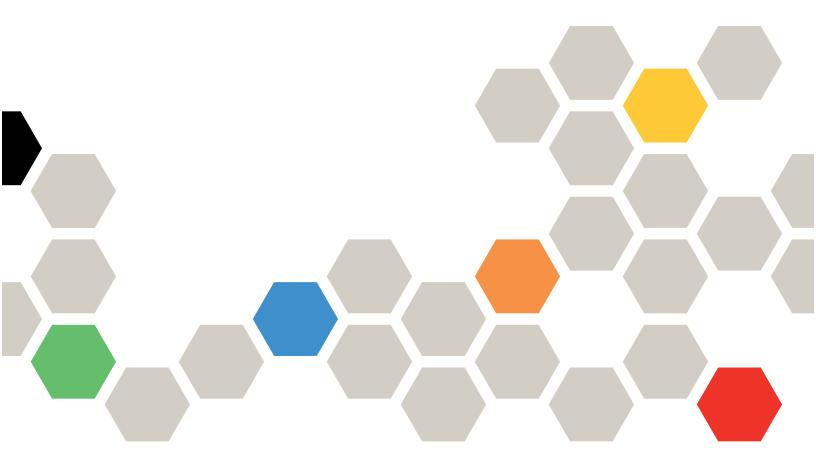
Lenovo

Flex System Chassis Management Module User's Guide (For Type 7893, 8721, and 8724 chassis only)



Note Before using this information and the product it supports, read the general information in Appendix B "Notices" on page 87, the Warranty Information document, and the Safety Information and the Environmental Notices and User Guide documents on the Lenovo documentation CD. Seventh Edition (March 2020) © Copyright Lenovo 2015, 2020. LIMITED AND RESTRICTED RIGHTS NOTICE: If data or software is delivered pursuant to a General Services

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Contents

Chapter 1. Introduction	Appendix A. Getting help and technical	
Before you begin	assistance 8	
Accessibility features for the Flex SystemCMM 2	Before you call	
Notices and statements in this document	Using the documentation	34
Software requirements for the CMM web interface	Getting help and information from the World Wide Web	34
Observation On West State Conservation	How to send DSA data	34
Chapter 2. Web interface use and	Creating a personalized support web page 8	34
reference5	Software service and support	35
Starting the web interface	Hardware service and support 8	35
Configuring the CMM using the web interface 5	Taiwan product service	35
Using the Initial Setup Wizard 6		_
Setting the CMM power management	Appendix B. Notices 8	
policies	Trademarks	
Resetting the CMM to manufacturing defaults	Important notes	
External authentication of certificates 16	Recycling information	
Configuring chassis components	Particulate contamination	
Setting the chassis air filter reminder	Telecommunication regulatory statement 8	36
Configuring a storage node		39
Updating the IMM firmware	Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement	90
User authority management	Industry Canada Class A emission compliance statement	90
Starting a remote compute node session 29	Avis de conformité à la réglementation	
Saving a CMM configuration		90
Restoring a CMM configuration	Australia and New Zealand Class A	
Booting from the standby CMM	statement	JC
Enabling the CMM floating IP address	European Union EMC Directive conformance statement	90
Chapter 3. CMM web interface	Germany Class A statement 9	90
overview	Japan VCCI Class A statement 9	91
Web interface pages and user roles	Korea Communications Commission (KCC)	
Web interface options		92
System Status options	Russia Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Class A statement	92
Monitoring multiple chassis 42	People's Republic of China Class A electronic	
Event log options 43	emission statement 9	
Service and support options 45	Taiwan Class A compliance statement 9	92
Chassis management options 51	Inday	·~
CMM management options 69	Index	J

i

Chapter 1. Introduction

Use the Chassis Management Module web interface to perform chassis management functions within a web browser.

Note: The Flex SystemChassis Management Module is compatible with only Type 7893, 8721, and 8724 chassis.

The CMM web interface communicates with the management program to execute chassis management tasks. You can use perform the following tasks and more:

- Access I/O modules and configure them.
- Initialize storage nodes
- · Change the startup sequence in a compute node
- · Configure security settings such as data encryption and user account security
- Control the chassis, compute nodes, and other components.
- Define login IDs and passwords
- Discover other chassis on the network and enable access to them
- Monitor the status of the compute nodes and other components
- Select recipients for alert notification of specific events
- · Set the date and time.
- Use a remote console for the compute nodes

You can also perform management functions through the CMM SNMP management interface and the command-line interface (CLI). See "Using the Flex System Chassis Management Module CLI" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide for more information.

Compatible browsers are listed on the initial login screen of the CMM web interface.

The most recent versions of all Flex System documentation are available from http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp.

Note: Do not store any sensitive information in the CMM web server directory or subdirectories. Data in the directories is accessible to unauthenticated users.

Before you begin

Before you use the CMM web interface, you must complete some specific tasks.

Complete the following tasks before you start the CMM web interface:

- 1. The CMM must be installed in a correctly configured Flex System Enterprise Chassis. See "Installing, removing, and replacing components" in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide* for installation instructions.
- 2. A client computer must be connected to the CMM through a correctly configured Ethernet connection. See "Connecting to the CMM" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide for detailed instructions.
- 3. Make sure that one of the following supported web browsers is installed:
 - Microsoft Internet Explorer version 9 or later, but earlier than 11
 - Mozilla Firefox versions 17 through 24 (Firefox is recommended for JAWS users)

Accessibility features for the Flex SystemCMM

Accessibility features help users who have disabilities, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, to use information technology products successfully.

Accessibility features

Accessibility for the Flex SystemCMM interface is provided through the command-line interface. The remote console video feed is not accessible to a screen reader. If you are managing your Flex System by using the optional Flex System Manager management software, see the Flex System Manager documentation for information about its accessibility features.

The Flex System information center is accessibility-enabled. The information center has the following accessibility features:

- Keyboard-only operation.
- Interfaces that are commonly used by screen readers. (The Java access bridge must be installed to make Java applets available to the JAWS screen reader.)
- The attachment of alternative input and output devices.

Keyboard navigation

This product uses standard Microsoft Windows navigation keys.

Related accessibility information

You can view the publications for Flex System in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) by using the Adobe Acrobat Reader. The PDF files are provided on a CD that is packaged with the product, or you can access them through the Flex System information center.

Lenovo and accessibility

See Human Ability and Accessibility Center for more information about the commitment that Lenovo has to accessibility.

Notices and statements in this document

Use this information to understand the most common documentation notices and statements and how they are used.

The caution and danger statements in this document are also in the multilingual Safety Information document, which is on the Lenovo documentation CD. Each statement is numbered for reference to the corresponding statement in the Safety Information document.

The following notices and statements are used in this document:

- **Note:** These notices provide important tips, guidance, or advice.
- Important: These notices provide information or advice that might help you avoid inconvenient or problem situations.
- Attention: These notices indicate possible damage to programs, devices, or data. An attention notice is placed just before the instruction or situation in which damage might occur.
- Caution: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially hazardous to you. A caution statement is placed just before the description of a potentially hazardous procedure step or situation.

• Danger: These statements indicate situations that can be potentially lethal or hazardous to you. A danger statement is placed just before the description of a potentially lethal or hazardous procedure step or situation.

Software requirements for the CMM web interface

The CMM web interface supports the following web browsers for remote (client) access.

- Microsoft Internet Explorer version 9 or later, but earlier than 11
- Mozilla Firefox versions 17 through 31 (Firefox is recommended for JAWS users)

The CMM web interface does not support double-byte character set (DBCS) languages. For information about using the compute node integrated management module (IMM) interface, see the compute node or IMM documentation.

Chapter 2. Web interface use and reference

Use this information to help you navigate the CMM web interface and manage components in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis. Detailed information about the web interface is in the CMM web interface online help.

Starting the web interface

Start the CMM web interface to monitor and configure components in the chassis.

You can access the CMM web interface through an Ethernet connection by establishing a session with the URL of the CMM. If you are connecting to the CMM for the first time, you might have to change the Internet protocol properties on the client computer. See "Connecting to the CMM" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide for more information.

To log in to the CMM web interface, complete the following steps:

- 1. Point your browser to the CMM web interface URL that your system administrator defined during initial configuration.
- Type your CMM user ID and password (assigned by a system administrator). The password is case sensitive. The user ID is not case sensitive. The default CMM user name is USERID, and the default password is PASSW0RD (note the number zero, not the letter O, in PASSW0RD).
- 3. Click Log In.

Note: The available password options depend on the password options that are configured for the Flex System Enterprise Chassis.

Configuring the CMM using the web interface

You can configure the primary CMM from the CMM web interface. If a standby CMM is installed, it automatically receives the configuration and status information from the primary CMM.

The Flex System Enterprise Chassis automatically detects the modules and compute nodes that are installed and stores the vital product data (VPD). When the Flex System Enterprise Chassis is started, the CMM automatically configures the remote management and console (Ethernet) connector of the CMM, so that you can configure and manage Flex System components. You configure and manage Flex System components remotely by using the CMM web interface.

When the Flex System Enterprise Chassis is started for the first time, the CMM automatically configures its remote management port, enabling you to establish a management connection. See "Connecting to the CMM" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide for information.

Note: Each CMM is configured with the same static IP address. You must create a unique static IPv4 or IPv6 address for each CMM. If DHCP is not used, only one CMM at a time can be added onto the network for discovery. Adding more than one CMM to the network without a unique IP address assignment for each will result in IP address conflicts. If you have problems connecting, see "Resolving CMM connection problems" in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide* for help with troubleshooting.

If the CMM that is being installed is a replacement for the only CMM in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis and you selected the **Backup Configuration to File** option before you replaced the CMM, you can apply the saved configuration file to the replacement CMM using the passphrase that you created.

Important: Be sure to save your configuration file passphrase for future use.

The saved configuration can be applied from the Mgt Module Management page. Use the following information to restore a configuration:

- 1. From the CMM web interface homepage, click **Mgt Module Management** > **Configuration** > **Restore Configuration from File**.
- 2. Enter the passphrase.
- 3. Click Browse for File, select the backup configuration file, and then click Open.
- 4. Click Restore Configuration.

If you do not have a backup configuration for the CMM, you can create a backup configuration file through the CMM web interface. See "Saving a CMM configuration" on page 30 for more information.

As an alternative, you can use the CMM Initial Setup Wizard to help guide you in creating a CMM backup configuration file. Information about the CMM Initial setup wizard is located here: "Using the Initial Setup Wizard" on page 6. The setup wizard starts automatically when you first access the web interface of a new CMM, or when you access the web interface of a CMM that has been reset to its default settings. You can also create a backup configuration file through the CMM web interface.

The following illustration shows the Manage Configuration page, which contains the CMM backup and restore configuration options, as well as the option for the Initial Setup Wizard.



Using the Initial Setup Wizard

The initial setup wizard helps you to configure the CMM through a web interface. The wizard starts automatically when you first access the web interface of a new CMM or a CMM that has been reset to its default settings.

You can configure the CMM by using the Initial Setup wizard. The wizard starts automatically, but it can also be accessed manually. Use the following information to access the initial setup wizard:

- 1. From the CMM homepage, click **Mgt Module Management** > **Configuration**.
- 2. Click Initial Setup Wizard and follow the on-screen instructions.

When you first login to the CMM you are assigned the Supervisor role. You must be assigned the Supervisor role to use the setup wizard. The setup wizard's **Getting Started** section contains some steps to guide you in gathering information about the chassis for the initial setup. After you gather the information that is needed, click the **Next** button, then enter the information in the wizard pages as needed. If you are importing a saved CMM configuration, the option to select the configuration file is in the **Import Existing Configuration** page of the wizard. Follow the on screen instructions, then click the **Next** button.

You can view and print the configuration information after the wizard has finished. A basic configuration of the CMM will be completed after the setup wizard has finished.

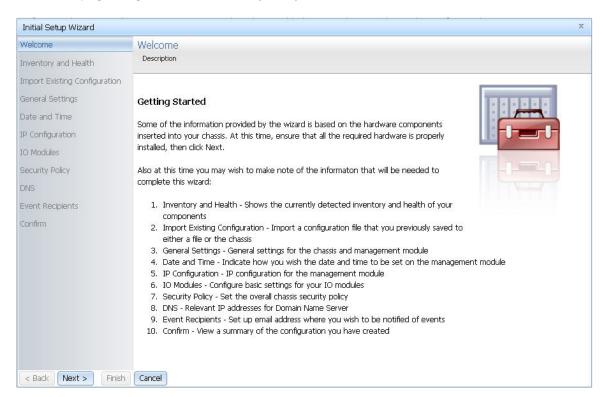
Notes:

- If you have problems connecting, see "Resolving CMM connection problems" in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide* for help with troubleshooting.
- If you are unable to connect to your CMM from all user accounts because you have forgotten the account IDs and passwords, you must restore the CMM to the manufacturing default configuration (see "Restoring the CMM manufacturing default configuration" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide for information).
- You can also configure the CMM by using the optional Flex System Manager management software (see the Flex System Manager Software Installation and Service Guide).

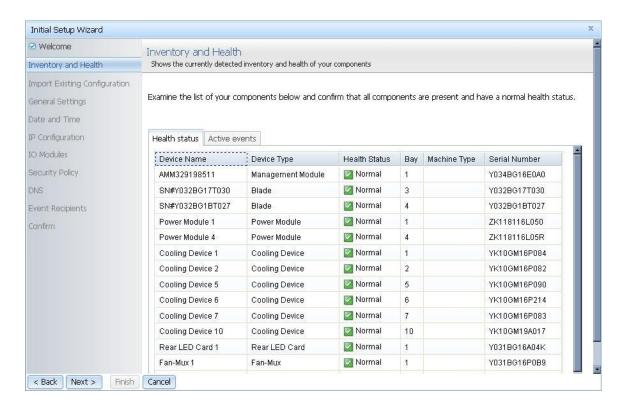
When the Flex System Enterprise Chassis is started for the first time, the CMM automatically configures its remote management port, enabling you to establish a management connection. See "Configuring the CMM for remote access" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide for information.

Note: When the CMM is set to **Secure** security mode, only the secure file transfer methods, HTTPS and SFTP, can be used for firmware updates and other tasks involving file transfers, such as transferring a backup configuration file to restore a configuration. The unsecure file transfer protocols HTTP, FTP, and TFTP are disabled when security is set to the **Secure** mode.

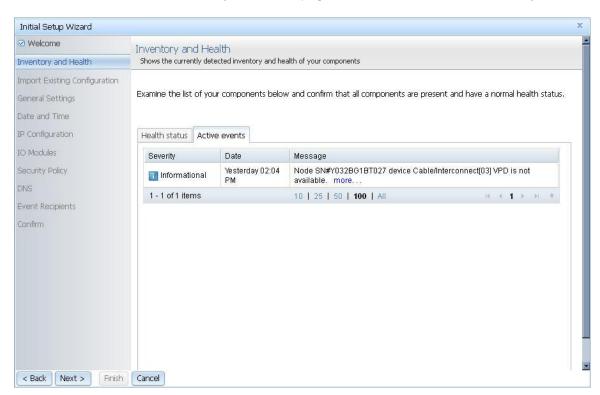
The following illustrations show the Initial Setup Wizard pages. The system information that is displayed in the wizard pages might be different from your system.



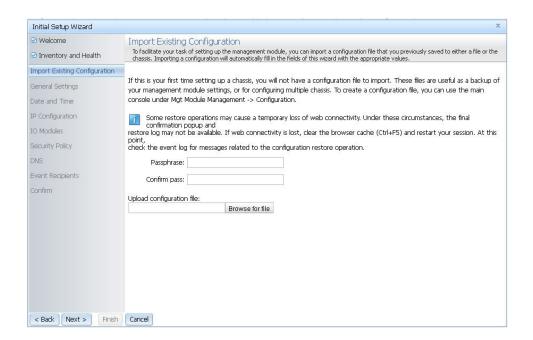
Click **Health status** on the Inventory and Health page to view the detected components in the chassis and their current health status.



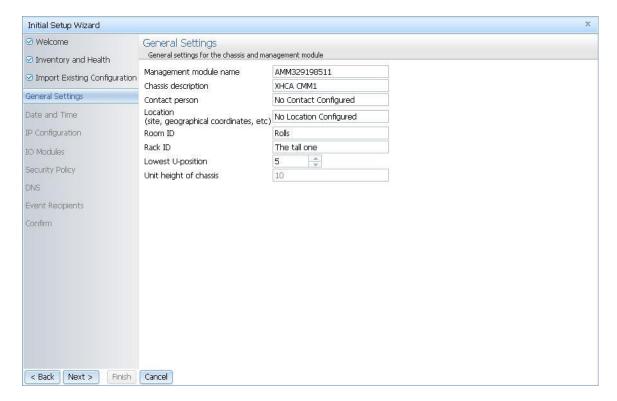
Click Active events on the Inventory and Health page to view the events and the severity of each.



If you have saved a configuration file, the Import Existing Configuration page allows you to select the file you created and will automatically fill in the fields of the wizard with the appropriate values.

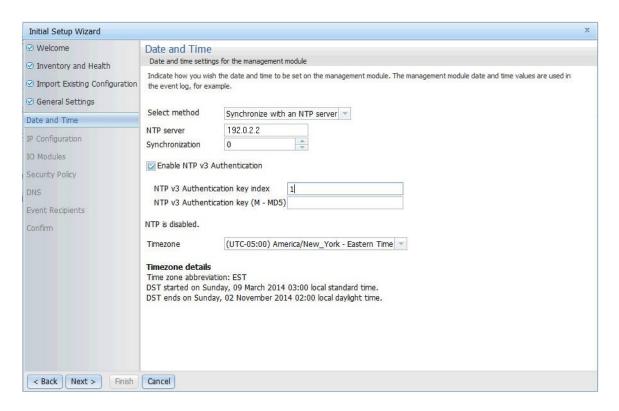


The General Settings page prompts you to enter some descriptive information about the chassis, including location and contact person.

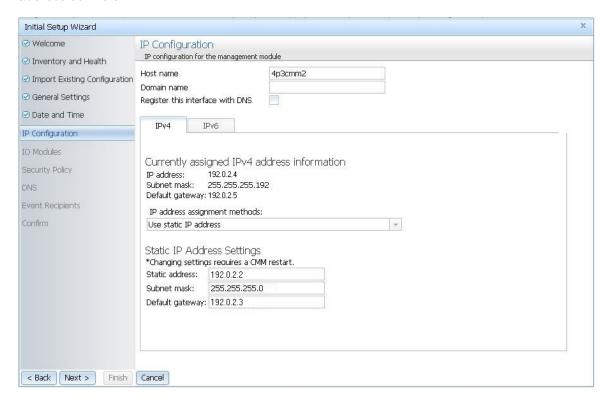


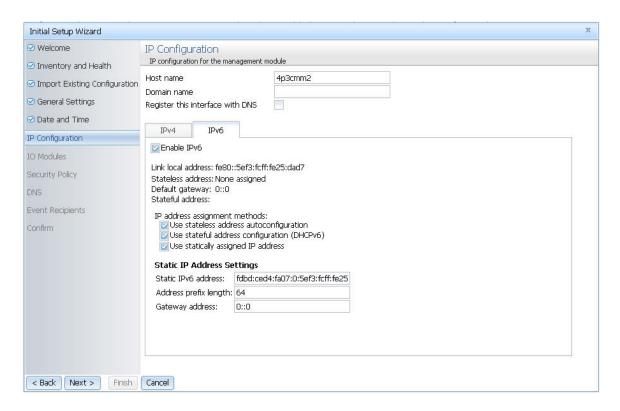
Set the date and time for the CMM on the Date and Time page.

Note: If you choose to set the date and time with an NTP server, the CMM**NTP v3 Authentication key index** and **NTP v3 Authentication key** must match the "key ID" and "password" values set on the NTP server. See the documentation for your NTP server for information about setting a key ID and password.



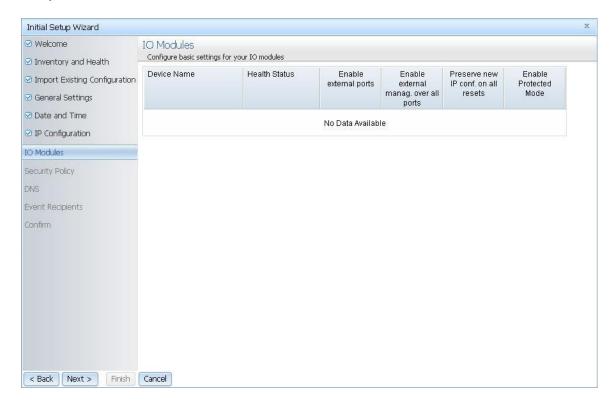
Each CMM is configured with the same static IP address. You must create a unique static IP address for each CMM. If DHCP is not used, only one CMM at a time can be added onto the network for discovery. Adding more than one CMM to the network without a unique IP address assignment for each will result in IP address conflicts.



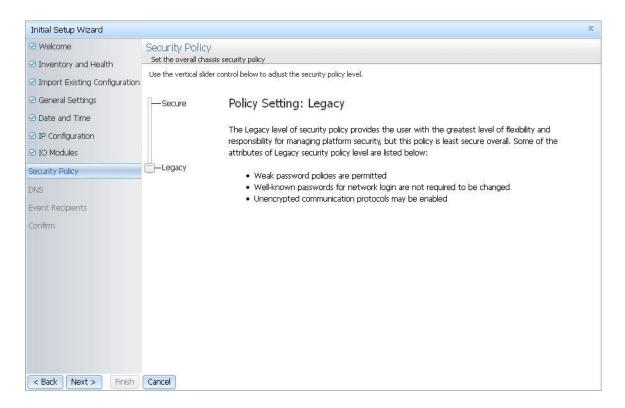


You can view the status and configure options for the I/O modules that are connected to the CMM.

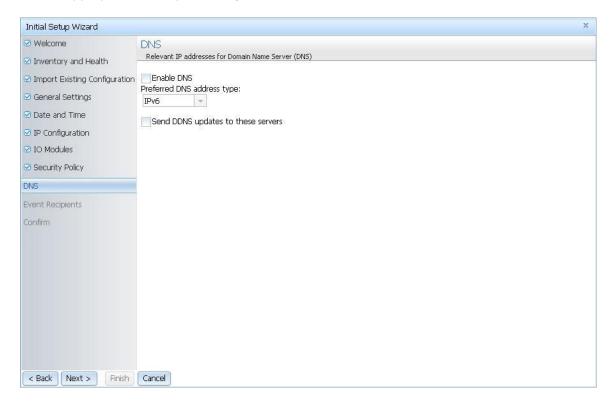
Note: Typically at least two I/O modules are connected and displayed on the I/O Modules page of the Initial Setup Wizard.



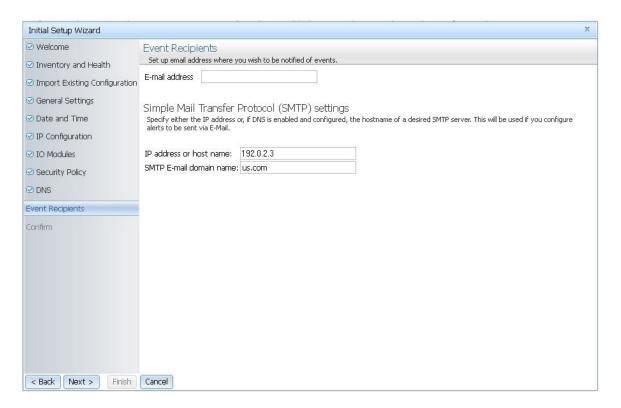
Choose the security policy for your CMM.



Set the appropriate DNS options for your CMM.



Enter the email addresses where notifications are to be sent as CMM events occur.



Confirm all of the information that has been entered in the setup wizard.



These steps complete basic configuration of the CMM. You can now perform additional setup operations, as required, for your specific Flex System Enterprise Chassis configuration.

Setting the CMM power management policies

You can use the CMM web interface to view the power information, based on projected power consumption, and configure power management for the Flex System Enterprise Chassis.

The CMM web interface provides options to view or configure policies related to power redundancy and power limiting. The No Power Policy provides options for configuring power redundancy to protect your chassis in the case of a power supply failure.

The following options are available for the No Power Policy:

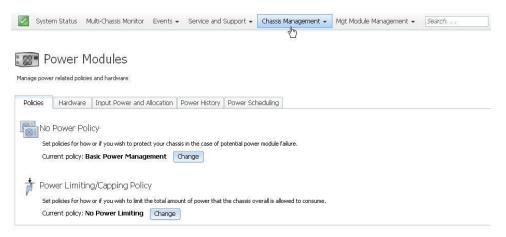
- AC Power Source Redundancy Intended for dual AC power sources into the chassis. Maximum input power is limited to the capacity of half the number of installed power modules. This is the most conservative approach and is recommended when all power modules are installed. When the chassis is correctly wired with dual AC power sources, one AC power source can fail without affecting compute node server operation. Note that some compute nodes may not be allowed to power on if doing so would exceed the policy power limit.
- AC Power Source Redundancy with Compute Node Throttling Allowed Very similar to the AC Power Source Redundancy. This policy allows higher input power, however capable compute nodes may be allowed to throttle down if one AC power source fails.
- Power Module Redundancy Intended for a single AC power source into the chassis where each Power Module is on its own dedicated circuit. Maximum input power is limited to one less than the number of Power Modules when more than one Power Module is present. One Power Module can fail without affecting compute node operation. Multiple Power Module failures can cause the chassis to power off. Note that some compute nodes may not be allowed to power on if doing so would exceed the policy power limit.
- Power Module Redundancy with Compute Nodes Throttling Allowed Very similar to Power Module Redundancy. This policy allows higher input power; however, capable compute nodes may be allowed to throttle down if one Power Module fails.
- Basic Power Management Maximum input power is higher than other policies and is limited only by the nameplate power of all the Power Modules combined. This is the least conservative approach, since it does not provide any protection for AC power source or Power Module failure. If any single power supply fails, compute node and/or chassis operation may be affected.

The Power Limiting/Capping Policy provides options to limit the total amount of power that the chassis and components are allowed to consume. The following options are available for the Power Limiting/Capping Policy:

- No Power Limiting Maximum input power will be determined by the active Power Redundancy policy.
- Static Power Limiting Sets an overall chassis limit on the maximum input power. In a situation where powering on a component would cause the limit to be exceeded, the component would not be permitted to power on.

Use this information to help you configure the No Power Policy and Power Limiting/Capping Policy for your chassis:

1. From the CMM web interface homepage, click Chassis Management > Power Modules and Management.



- 2. Click **Change** to view or change the No Power Policy, and click **OK** to save any changes that were made.
- Click Change to view or change the Power Limiting/Capping Policy, and click OK to save any changes that were made.

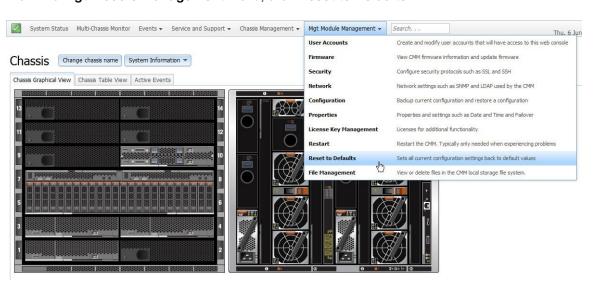
Resetting the CMM to manufacturing defaults

You can restore the primary CMM to manufacturing defaults through the CMM web or command-line interface.

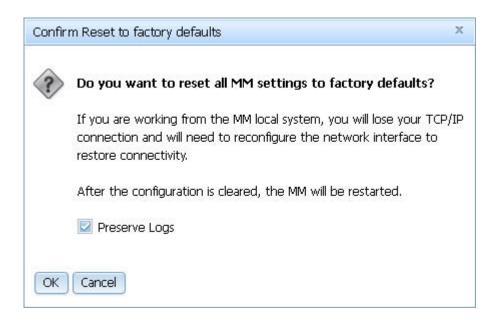
Use the following instructions to restore the primary CMM to manufacturing defaults through the CMM web interface.

Note: To restore a saved CMM configuration after resetting to the manufacturing defaults, see "Restoring a CMM configuration" on page 31.

1. From the Mgt Module Management menu, click Reset to Defaults.



Remove the check from Preserve Logs if you do not wish to save log files, and click OK in the Confirm Reset to factory defaults window.



The CMM will restart after the manufacturing defaults have been restored.

Note: You can also reset the CMM manufacturing defaults using the CMM command-line interface. See "clear command" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide for information.

External authentication of certificates

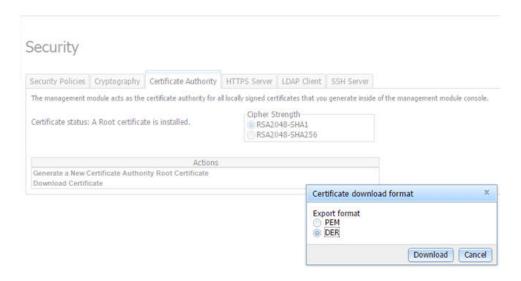
Certificates are used to establish secure, trusted connections to the CMM and from the CMM to other servers.

For an application initiating a connection to trust the server that it is connecting to, it must have in its trust store a copy of either the server certificate or the certificate of the Certificate Authority (CA) that signed the server certificate. The CMM has a CA that signs certificates for the LDAP, HTTPS, and CIM servers of all systems management processors in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis. You can create trust between your web browser and the HTTPS servers on the management processors in the chassis by importing the CA certificate into your web browser. Additionally, when you work with an external LDAP server, you can use the CMM web interface or CLI to configure either non-mutual (server only) or mutual certificate authentication.

The CA certificate in each Flex System Enterprise Chassis is unique. You download CA certificates through the primary CMM in each chassis using the CMM web interface or CLI.

- In the CMM web interface, click Mgt Module Management > Security > Certificate Authority > **Download Certificate**. Select the certificate format, and click **Download**.
- In the CLI, download the CA certificate into the CMM by using the sslcfg -dnld command (see "sslcfg command," in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide, for additional information about command use).

The following illustration shows the "Certificate download format" window.



After you download each CA certificate, you should import it into your web browser, so that the web browser will trust websites that have a certificate signed by the CA. If there are multiple users who will access the management processors in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis, you can share the CA certificates with the other users. You can share certificates via email or through any other file sharing mechanism. Each user that receives a CA certificate must also import it into their web browser. If your organization has a process for pushing trusted authority certificates to users, you can also use that process.

To import a CA certificate into your web browser, complete the following steps:

- 1. Go to the area in your web browser where you configure web browser options and settings.
- 2. Locate and select managing certificates. In some web browsers, this selection is in the **Content** page or in the **Encryption** page on the **Advanced** page.
- 3. If you have old certificates that are related to this Flex System Enterprise Chassis, you should remove, delete, or distrust them, especially if you are experiencing errors relating to certificates. Check all tabs in the certificate page and remove all certificates related to this chassis. The "Issued by" field, if displayed, will indicate the chassis ID and time that the certificate was issued, in the form "CA for chassis_uuid, time_stamp." For browsers where certificates are grouped in a tree structure by organization name, you will find the certificates in the "Generated by IBM Firmware" section.
- 4. Import the CA certificate as a root authority certificate (not as a server certificate, intermediate authority, or other software device). Importing the CA certificate in this way might require that you are on the Authorities page before clicking Import and that you select a particular trusted root certificate store from the import wizard. During the import process, when asked to select the file that you want to import, you might need to change the file type to "All Files" to see the file that you want to import. If you are asked why you want to trust the certificate, choose the option that trusts the CA for identifying websites. Select OK or Close in all the pages you opened. If you are importing the CA certificate from more than one chassis, repeat this step for the CA certificates from each chassis.
- 5. Close your web browser and re-open it to make sure that these changes take effect.

If you change a CA certificate, you must download the new certificate and import it into your web browser, into the Certificate Trust Store of your Flex System Manager management software, into any Systems Director servers that might be in your network, and into any external LDAP servers that might be configured for mutual authentication (see "Importing an LDAP certificate with mutual authentication," in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide*, for information and instructions). This applies for all activities that can change a CA certificate such as manual changes or resetting the CMM to defaults.

If your web browser advises you that a connection is untrusted or a security certificate is invalid, or has any other issue that indicates a certificate exception issue relating to a certificate exception, follow the process given above to download and import the CA certificate, making sure to clear all old certificates from the Flex System Enterprise Chassis on all tabs in the certificate pages. You can also try clearing the browser cache and follow other instructions that might be suggested by the documentation for your web browser. Since some certificate issues impact only certain web browsers, you might be able to correct the condition by switching to a different web browser.

Importing an LDAP certificate with non-mutual authentication

To authenticate an LDAP server with the CMM, you must import either the certificate of the LDAP server or the certificate of the Certificate Authority (CA) which signed the LDAP server certificate. The process for importing either an LDAP server certificate or the certificate of the CA with non-mutual authentication is the same.

Import a certificate by using non-mutual external authentication when you only have to authenticate the LDAP server with the CMM. You can authenticate the LDAP server with the CMM using the CMM management interface.

Note: Certificates must be signed using SHA-1 hashes, SHA-2 hashes are not supported.

To import an LDAP certificate or a CA, by using non-mutual authentication, complete the following steps:

- Obtain the external LDAP certificate or CA and place it on the server that will be used to import it. Depending on your CMM configuration, supported server types can include TFTP, FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, and SFTP.
- Step 2. Start a CMM management session:
 - To start the CMM web interface, see "Starting the web interface" on page 5 for instructions. The following illustration shows the "Manage Certificate" screen in the web interface.



Import the external LDAP certificate or CA into the CMM: Step 3.

In the CMM web interface, click Mqt Module Management > Security > LDAP Client > Manage Trusted Certificates. In the Manage Certificate window, select either the option to import the certificate, or paste the certificate information in PEM format. Select Apply Import to apply the external LDAP certificate or certificate of the CA in the CMM. If an LDAP certificate is already installed, you can also view, remove, or download it using this screen.

Importing an LDAP certificate with mutual authentication

Import certificates for mutual authentication when you need the external LDAP server to authenticate the CMM and the CMM to authenticate the external LDAP server.

There are two ways to establish mutual authentication between the CMM and an external LDAP server. When you use either method, you must also perform the steps for non-mutual authentication.

- Export the chassis Certificate Authority (CA) certificate and import it into the trust store for your external LDAP server. This allows mutual authentication between the LDAP server and all elements in the chassis that have their security configuration automatically provisioned.
- Export a certificate-signing request (CSR) from the CMM and have it signed by a Certificate Authority that
 the LDAP server already trusts. This method provides mutual authentication between only the CMM and
 the LDAP server.

Mutual authentication using CA

To use the CMM certificate authority (CA) with an external LDAP server, you must import the CA certificate into the external LDAP server trust store. Up to three trusted certificates can be imported.

To establish mutual authentication using the CMM web interface, complete the following steps:

- 1. Import the external LDAP server certificate or the CA chain that signed it into the CMM as an LDAP trusted certificate, as described in "Importing an LDAP certificate with non-mutual authentication" on page 18.
- 2. Start a CMM web interface session. To start the CMM web interface, see "Starting the web interface" on page 5 for instructions.
- Make sure that secure LDAP is enabled by clicking Mgt Module Management > Security > LDAP
 Client Security and selecting LDAPS under the CMM External LDAP Connection Security heading.
- 4. Download the CMM CA to the specified server through the CMM web interface by clicking Mgt Module Management > Security > LDAP Client > Generate a New Key and a Certificate Signing Request (CSR). Depending on your CMM configuration, supported server types can include TFTP, FTP, HTTP, HTTPS, and SFTP.

Note: The CMM does not support external LDAP servers that use the certificate authority SHA256 to sign their certificates. See the documentation for your LDAP server for more information.

The following illustration shows where the "Generate a New Key and a Certificate Signing Request (CSR)" option can be found in the web interface.

Security



Mutual authentication of CSR

To establish mutual authentication between the CMM and an external LDAP server, have the CMM certificate-signing request (CSR) signed by an outside Certificate Authority (CA) using the CMM management interface.

To generate a CSR on the CMM and get it signed by using the CMM web interface, complete the following steps:

- 1. Start a CMM web interface session.
- 2. Click Mqt Module Management > Security and select the LDAP Client tab.
- 3. Click Generate a New Key and a Certificate Signing Request (CSR) and fill out the requested information.
- 4. After you click **Apply**, the CSR can be downloaded to a file or copied from the screen in PEM format.

Configuring chassis components

You can configure the chassis and all of the components in the chassis through the CMM web interface.

After initial setup, you must configure the Flex System Enterprise Chassis for your operating environment. You can perform the configuration through the CMM web interface.

The Flex System Enterprise Chassis automatically detects components such as compute nodes, storage nodes, I/O modules, power supplies, fan modules, fan distribution cards, and fan logic modules that are installed and stores the vital product data (VPD) for each component. When the chassis is started, the CMM automatically configures the remote management port of the CMM so that you can configure and manage Flex System nodes.

To communicate with network resources and with the I/O modules in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis, you must configure IP addresses for the CMM and I/O modules. You can configure CMM and I/O module IP addresses using the web interface. You can also configure the I/O modules by an external I/O-module port that is enabled through the CMM, using a Telnet interface, a serial connection, or a web browser. See the documentation that comes with each I/O module for information and instructions.

To communicate with nodes for functions such as deploying an operating system or application over a network, you must also configure at least one external (in-band) port on an Ethernet switch in one of the I/O bays of the Flex System Enterprise Chassis.

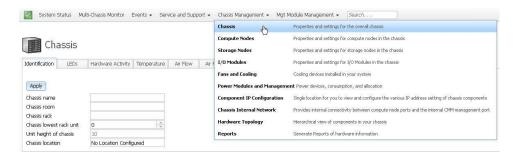
Note: If a pass-thru module instead of an Ethernet I/O module is installed in an I/O bay, you might have to configure the network switch that the pass-thru module is connected to. See the documentation that comes with the pass-thru module and the network switch for information and instructions.

Important: After the initial chassis setup has been completed and all nodes have been configured, be sure that the CMM has the proper firmware installed before installing additional nodes. Some nodes require specific firmware levels. To download firmware updates for your CMM, go to http:// datacentersupport.lenovo.com to display the matrix of downloadable files for the CMM.

Attention: Installing the wrong firmware update might cause the CMM to malfunction. Before you install a firmware update, read any readme and change history files that are provided with the downloaded update. These files contain important information about the update and the procedure for installing the update, including any special procedure for updating from an early firmware version to the latest version.

You can configure the chassis or individual components from the Chassis Management menu in the CMM web interface.

The following illustration shows the Chassis Management page, which contains configuration options for the chassis and components in the chassis.



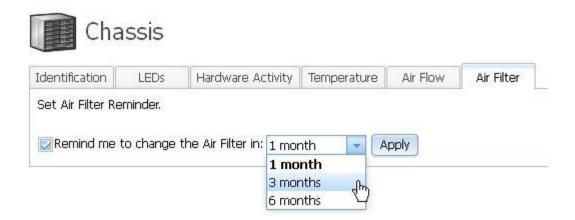
Setting the chassis air filter reminder

You can set a reminder to change the chassis air filter through the CMM web interface.

If your chassis has the optional chassis air filter installed, be sure to configure the air filter reminder for your operating environment. You can set the reminder for different intervals according to the amount of air contaminates in the chassis operating environment. The reminder is sent to the event log in the form of an event.

For more information about when you should visually check or replace the chassis filter media, see http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.8721.doc/replacing_the_filter_media.html.

The following illustrates the Air Filter tab, which can be accessed by clicking **Chassis Management** > **Chassis** > **Air Filter** from the CMM web interface homepage. Check the checkbox, select a reminder interval, and click **Apply** to set the option.



Configuring a storage node

When a storage node is installed in the chassis you can initialize it from the CMM web interface.

When a storage node such as the Flex System V7000 Storage Node is first installed in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis, the CMM will automatically recognize it, but you must complete some configuration manually. You can configure the storage node through the CMM web interface or the Flex System Manager management software.

Note: If you are using the CMM to setup your storage, make sure that the chassis is being managed by the CMM and not the Flex System Manager.

Verify that you are using a supported CMM for the storage node from the http:// datacentersupport.lenovo.com.

Use the following instructions to initialize the storage node through the CMM web interface:

- 1. Log in to the CMM; then, navigate to the chassis map on the System Status page.
- 2. Find the storage control enclosure to be used to initialize the storage system on the map; then, click the left storage enclosure canister. If you have installed more than one storage enclosure canister, you can select either one. You cannot initialize the storage system on a storage expansion enclosure.
- 3. From Actions for Canister [node nn], select Launch Storage Node Controller Console to launch a web browser for the storage node startup screen. The Service IP address that displays is one that has been allocated by your DHCP server. If the Service IP address is in the range between 192.168.70.131 and 192.168.70.144, the canister did not obtain a DHCP address.
- 4. When prompted to answer the question, **Do you want to create a new system or add to an existing** system?, select Create a new system; then, click Next.
- 5. Select the option to use either an IPv4 or IPv6 management IP address; then, enter the address, subnet mask, and gateway.
- 6. Click Finish to set the management IP address for the system. The system initialization will begin and might take several minutes to complete.
- 7. After the system initialization is complete, the setup wizard will be launched. The setup wizard will help you through the configuration steps for basic system settings such as time and date, system name, and hardware detection and verification.
- 8. Log in to the storage node.
- 9. Review the software license agreement. You must accept the agreement before you can continue.
- 10. Enter the system name and a new superuser password.

From this point you have the option to use the setup wizard to configure more settings such as notifications and storage configuration. If you are not ready to complete more configuration steps, go to configuration tasks in the management user interface to complete the configuration at a later time.

It is recommended that you upgrade to the most current level of software after installing the storage node. Refer to the http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com for the latest information about software upgrades.

For more information about configuring your storage node, see Flex System V7000 Storage Node customer documentation.

Updating the IMM firmware

You can use the CMM web interface to update the IMM with the most current firmware.

Several tools are available to help you update the firmware and device drivers for the X-Architecture compute nodes in your chassis. You can use the CMM web interface to update the IMM (also referred to as IMM II or IMM2) firmware, however the following tools are typically used to apply firmware updates to X-Architecture compute nodes:

• Flex System Manager Update ManagerFlex System Manager Update Manager (if installed) acquires, installs, and manages firmware and device driver updates and monitors your compute nodes to ensure they remain current. For more information about updating the Flex System Manager Update Manager see http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.8731.doc/product_page.html.

UpdateXpress System PacksUpdateXpress System Packs (UXSP) contain an integration-tested bundle
of online, updateable firmware and device drivers for your compute node. The Lenovo ToolsCenter
Bootable Media Creator uses UpdateXpress System Packs to update the firmware and device drivers.

Typically, use UpdateXpress System Packs to update firmware and device drivers for a compute node that has been provisioned. For more information about UpdateXpress System Packs, see https://support.lenovo.com/solutions/HT505070.

Lenovo ToolsCenter Bootable Media Creator You can use Lenovo ToolsCenter Bootable Media
Creator to create bootable media for applying firmware updates and running preboot diagnostics. Using
Lenovo ToolsCenter Bootable Media Creator, you can create a single bootable image on supported media
(such as CD, DVD, ISO image, USB flash drive, or set of PXE files) that bundles multiple Flex system tools
and updates from UpdateXpress System Packs, which contain Windows and Linux® firmware updates.

Typically, Lenovo ToolsCenter Bootable Media Creator is used for the initial setup of a compute node. For more information about the Bootable Media Creator, see http://support.lenovo.com/downloads/DS117986.

• Integrated management module II (IMM2) You can use the IMM2 to update some types of compute node firmware. For more information about the IMM2, see https://download.lenovo.com/ibmdl/pub/pc/pcbbs/thinkservers/imm_userguide.pdf (you might need to register to access this content).

Another way to update firmware and device drivers is through the CMM web interface. You can use the CMM web interface to launch a remote IMM web session and update the IMM firmware for each X-Architecture compute node in your Flex System chassis. You must update the IMM firmware for each X-Architecture compute node individually.

Note: Remote compute node IMM sessions from the CMM are not supported by all compute nodes types, including all Power Systems compute nodes. See the documentation for your compute node for information.

If no user accounts have been manually set up for the IMM of the compute node you are trying to access, the connection to that IMM must be completed using the CMM user ID and password. For an IMM to communicate with the compute node Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) and UpdateXpress System Pack Installer (UXSPI) programs, a local user account must be set up for the compute node IMM. This local account is not included in an IMM configuration backup. For information about using the compute node IMM interface, see the compute node or IMM documentation.

Attention: Installing the wrong firmware or device-driver update might cause the compute node to malfunction. Before you install a firmware or device-driver update, read any readme and change history files provided with the update. These files contain important information about the update and the procedure for installing the update, including any special procedures for updating from an early firmware or device-driver version to the latest version.

Note: Follow the instructions in the readme file that comes with the firmware update. For additional information about updating firmware, see the *Firmware Update Best Practices Guide* at (you might need to register to access this content).

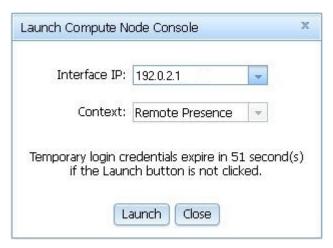
Note: You can access the compute node IMM CLI using a CMM SOL session (see "Starting an SOL session", in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide*).

Use the following instructions to update the IMM firmware through the CMM web interface.

- 1. From the CMM web interface, click **Chassis Management > Compute Nodes**.
- 2. Select the compute node to be updated, then click **Actions > Launch Compute Node Console**.



3. From the Launch Compute Node Console select the **Interface IP** address and **Context**, then click **Launch**.



- 4. When the IMM web interface opens, click Server Management > Server Firmware.
- 5. On the Server Firmware page click **Update Firmware**.
- 6. Click **Select File** and enter the file path or browse to the file, then click **Open**.

Note: Read the notice before continuing with the next step.



- 7. Click **Next** to begin uploading the file.
- 8. On the Upload and Verify page, make sure the file selected to upload is the correct file, then click Next.

- 9. Make sure Action1 is checked and Update the primary bank (default action) is selected on the Additional Options page. To update the backup firmware bank, check Action2, select Update the backup bank, then click Next and the primary bank and backup bank are updated at the same time.
- 10. Progress of the firmware update is displayed on the **Perform Firmware Flash** page.
- 11. When the firmware update completes successfully click **Finish**.

Note: If you updated the IMM primary bank, you must restart the IMM for the update to take effect.

Important: To avoid problems and to maintain system performance, make sure the UEFI code, IMM2 firmware, and diagnostic firmware levels are consistent for all compute nodes in the chassis.

For additional information about updating firmware and device drivers, see UEFI Compliant Firmware on Lenovo System x® and BladeCenter® Servers, Flex System Quick start guides, and Firmware Update Best Practices Guide (you might need to register to access this content).

User authority management

You can create users and manage user authority through the CMM web interface.

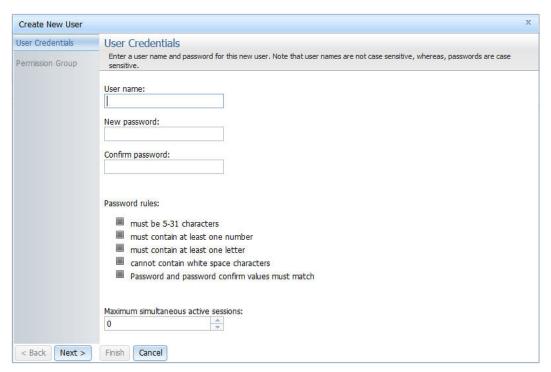
Users are assigned authority levels according to user permission groups that are set up for the CMM. Users with Supervisor command authority can execute all commands. Users with Operator command authority are restricted to read-only access.

Notes:

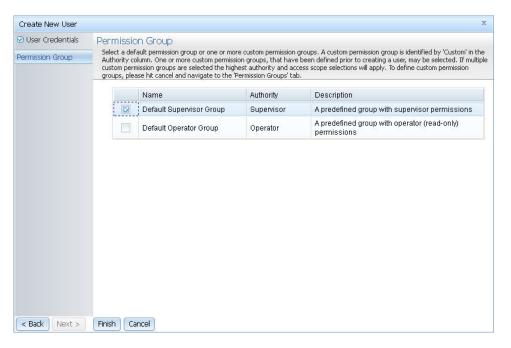
- CMM user accounts are used to log in to the service processor interfaces for compute nodes.
- If a user account becomes locked, click Mgt Module Management > User Accounts to access the User Accounts page. A locked user account has Locked in the State column. To unlock an account, select the user account, and click Unlock.
- If your CMM is managed by an Flex System Manager management node and you are unable to connect to the CMM from a user account because it has been locked, you can unlock it through the Flex System Manager management software web interface. See "CMM access problems,"in the Flex System Manager Management Software Troubleshooting and Support Guide, for information about command use.
- Do not store any sensitive information in the CMM file system. Data in the CMM web server directory or subdirectories is accessible by unauthenticated users.

You can create a user and change user authority levels from the **User Accounts** page. The CMM supports a maximum of 84 user accounts. When creating a new user, remember that the same user ID and password are used for all methods of connecting to the CMM, and that the password is case sensitive and the user ID is not case sensitive. Use the following steps to create and set permissions for a user:

- 1. From the CMM web interface homepage, click Mgt Module Management > User Accounts > Create User.
- 2. Enter the User name and Password, and then the Confirm password information in the User Credentials page.



3. Click Next and select Permission Group to place the user name in a permission group.

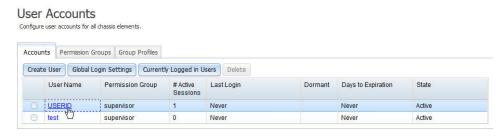


Note: When managing the Flex System Enterprise Chassis using the optional Flex System Manager program, the Flex System Manager program has a minimum authentication logging timeout of 3600 seconds. If the value of the CMM authentication logging timeout is greater than 3600, the value of the CMM authentication logging timeout is used.

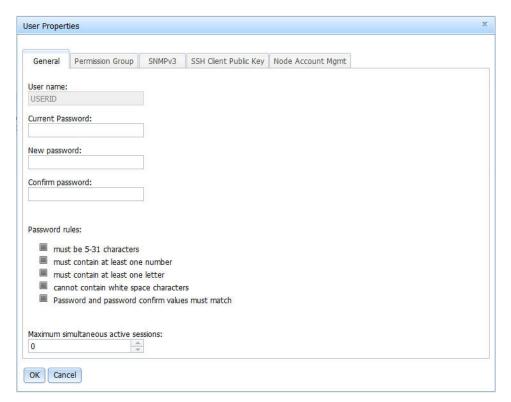
After creating a user account, you can click on the user account name from the **User Accounts** page to define additional properties for the user account. For example, you can select the **Node Account Mgmt** tab and check the **Provision IPMI and SNMPv3 Account** option to make the password for IPMI and SNMPv3 accounts the same as the password for the user account. If you do so, you can only disable the provisioning option by resetting the CMM to the default settings.

Use the following instructions to enable the Provision IPMI and SNMPv3 Account option:

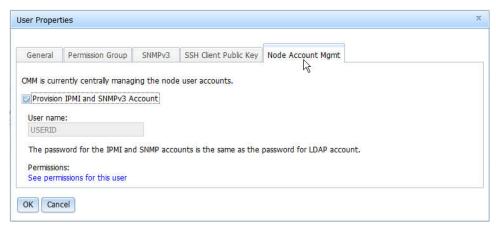
- 1. Log in to the CMM web interface. See "Starting the web interface" on page 5 for detailed information about logging into the CMM web interface.
- 2. Click Mgt Module Management > User Accounts.



3. Click a user name, for example USERID, to access the User Properties window.



4. Click the **Node Account Mgt** tab and check the **Provision IPMI and SNMPv3 Account** option to set the password for IPMI and SNMP accounts to the same password for the selected user account.



5. Click **OK** to enable the option. The user cannot disable the option without resetting the CMM to default values. See "Resetting the CMM to manufacturing defaults" on page 15 for more information about setting the CMM to default values.

Monitoring CMM events

The CMM event log contains event entries from all of the components in the chassis.

The CMM event log contains a list of all events that are received from all devices in the chassis. These events are also sent by the CMM to the optional Flex System Manager management node, if one is installed. See the "CMM event log" in the *Flex System Enterprise Chassis Types 8721 and 8724 Installation and Service Guide* for a complete list of all non-device-specific events and recommended actions, sorted by event ID. Device-specific event information is in the documentation for the device.

Note: When managing the Flex System Enterprise Chassis using the optional Flex System Manager software, the CMM event log settings are not used; however, the Flex System Manager does not change the CMM event log settings and the CMM will continue to function with the current event log settings.

You can configure the destination of event messages on the Event Recipients page. For each event that occurs, a message can be transmitted to an email server, syslog server, or SNMP trap receiver. Multiple recipients can be configured.

Note: When you send CMM event logs to syslog recipients over a network, the data is sent unencrypted and can be read by any user who is connected to the network.

Use the following information to configure event recipient notifications in the CMM web interface:

- 1. From the CMM web interface home page, click **Events** > **Event Recipients**.
- 2. Click **Create** and select either **Create E-mail Recipient** or **Create SNMP Recipient**, and then enter information as needed and click **OK**.

Note: If event IDs are not currently displayed in the Event Log page, you can enable them. To do so, click **Filter Events** and select the **Event ID** check box under **Visible columns**.



Starting a remote compute node session

A remote compute node session allows you to control a compute node at the operating system level from your local client. You can launch a remote session from the CMM web interface.

You can remotely access your compute node through the Integrated Management Module (IMM) using the CMM web interface.

Note: You cannot establish a remote compute node session from the CMM to a Power Systems compute node.

If no user accounts have been manually set up for the IMM of the compute node you are trying to access, the connection to that IMM must be completed using the current CMM user ID and password. In order for an IMM to communicate with the compute node Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) and UpdateXpress System Pack Installer (UXSPI) programs, a local user account must be set up for the compute node IMM. This local account is not included in an IMM configuration backup. For information about using the compute node IMM interface, see the compute node or IMM documentation.

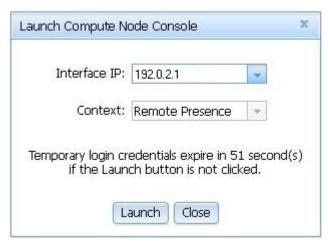
Note: You can access the compute node IMM CLI using a CMM SOL session (see "Starting an SOL session", in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide*).

Use the following instructions to start a remote compute node session from the CMM web interface.

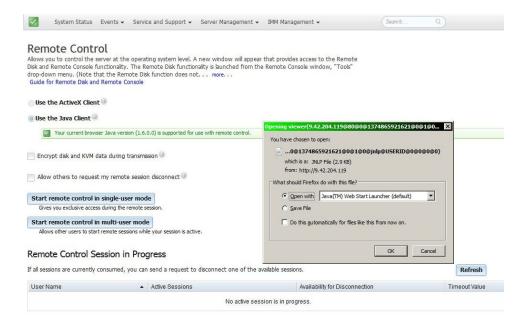
- 1. From the CMM web interface homepage, click Chassis Management > Compute Nodes.
- 2. Select the compute node to be accessed, then click **Actions > Launch Compute Node Console**.



3. From the Launch Compute Node Console window select the **Interface IP** address and **Context**, then click **Launch**.



4. When the IMM web interface opens, select the preferred client, click **Start remote control in single-user mode**, then click **OK** if prompted for permission to open the viewer.



- 5. When the remote console window opens, enter the login credentials for the compute node.
- 6. After you log in to the compute node, the remote session will then be in progress. To end the remote session, click **File > Exit** from the menu in the session window.

Note: See the documentation for your compute node for more information.

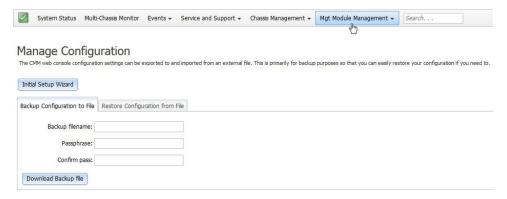
Saving a CMM configuration

Save the CMM configuration in case the CMM fails or the configuration file becomes corrupted. You can also use the saved CMM configuration file to apply configuration settings to CMMs located in other chassis.

Saving the configuration allows you to restore the saved settings if a CMM is replaced or if configuration information is corrupted or lost. You must save the CMM configuration before replacing a CMM or restoring a CMM to the manufacturing default configuration, if you intend to restore the configuration.

Use the following instructions to save a CMM configuration file through the CMM web interface.

1. From the Mgt Module Management menu, click **Configuration** > **Backup Configuration to File**.



- 2. Enter a filename for the configuration backup file.
- 3. Enter and confirm the Passphrase.
- 4. Click Download Backup file.
- 5. Enter the location where the backup file is to be saved; then click **OK**.

Note: You can also save the CMM configuration file through the CMM command-line interface. See "write command" in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide* for information.

Restoring a CMM configuration

You can restore a saved CMM configuration through the CMM web interface.

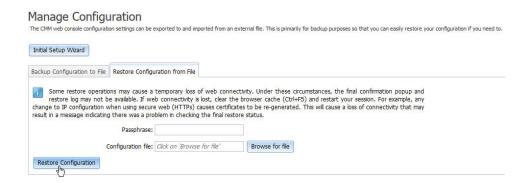
Attention:

- When you restore a saved CMM configuration, all current configuration settings are erased. Be sure to save your current configuration before you restore, if you intend to use the current settings.
- Some restore operations might cause you to lose web connectivity. When this occurs the final
 confirmation popup and log events might not be available. If web connectivity is lost, clear the browser
 cache and restart the web session.

Use the following instructions to restore a saved configuration file to the CMM, through the CMM web interface.

Note: When the CMM is set to **Secure** security mode, only the secure file transfer methods HTTPS and SFTP can be used for firmware updates and other tasks involving file transfers, such as transferring a backup configuration file to restore a configuration. The unsecure file transfer protocols HTTP, FTP, and TFTP are disabled when security is set to the **Secure** mode.

- From the CMM homepage click Mgt Module Management > Configuration > Restore Configuration from File.
- 2. Enter the Passphrase.
- 3. Enter the file path or browse for the saved configuration file, then press **Enter**.
- 4. Click Restore Configuration.



Note: You can also restore a saved CMM configuration through the CMM command-line interface. See "read command" in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide* for information.

When deploying CMMs to multiple chassis, you can apply the saved backup configuration file to the CMMs without having to configure each one individually. If static IP addresses are used, each CMM must have a unique address and only one CMM at a time can be added onto the network for discovery. Adding more than one CMM to the network without a unique IP address assignment for each results in IP address conflicts.

In order to successfully apply the backup configuration file, you must open the saved CMM backup configuration file in a text editor like Notepad, and change the IP address to a unique IP address for the CMM that is to be configured. Use the following to change the IP address in a saved CMM backup configuration file and apply it to a CMM.

- 1. Navigate to the location where the CMM backup configuration file is saved and open the file with a text editor like Notepad.
- 2. Locate the IPv4 address of the primary CMM in the Primary Management Module IPv4 Configuration section of the Network Interfaces information. The IPv4 address used in the example is 192.168.1.1 (highlighted in bold in the code block below).

Note: The entry beginning with ifconfig -T mm[P] -eth0... is shown with a line break after -s 255 -s 255.255.255.0. When this command is entered, the entire entry must all be on one line.

- 3. Change the Primary Management Module IPv4 Configuration IP address to a unique address and save the file.
- 4. Open the web interface for the CMM that is being added, and from the Mgt Module Management menu, click **Configuration** > **Restore Configuration from File**
- 5. Enter and confirm the Passphrase.
- 6. Browse for and select the CMM backup configuration file to use, and click **Open**.

Booting from the standby CMM

You can boot from the standby CMM through the CMM web interface.

If you perform this operation from the primary CMM, it causes a failover to the standby as the active CMM for the chassis.

Use the following instructions to boot from the standby CMM:

- 1. From the CMM web interface homepage, click Mgt Module Management > Restart.
- 2. Select Restart and switch to standby in the Restart Management Module window, and click OK.

Note: If an Flex System Enterprise Chassis is set up for redundant CMM operation and both CMMs experience an unrecoverable failure, the chassis will attempt to switch control between the CMMs indefinitely. If this condition occurs, replace one CMM to return the chassis to operation or replace both CMMs to return the chassis to redundant operation. Depending on how each CMM failed, you might need to configure the replacement CMM or restore its configuration from a backup, if one is available. A failure of both CMMs might be an indication of other problems with the Flex System Enterprise Chassis; make sure that the chassis is operating properly before replacing either CMM. See <u>Troubleshooting chassis</u> for information about diagnosing problems with a Flex System Enterprise Chassis.

Enabling the CMM floating IP address

When you have two CMMs installed in a Flex System Enterprise Chassis, you can enable the floating IP address option to always access the primary CMM no matter how the IP addresses are specified for the primary and standby CMMs.

You can enable the primary CMM floating IP address through the CMM web interface. When you enable the floating IP address, the connection will always resolve to the primary CMM.

Use this information to enable the floating IP address for the primary and standby CMMs.

- 1. From the CMM web interface homepage, click Mgt Module Management > Network > Ethernet.
- 2. On the **Ethernet Configuration** page, select either **IPv4** or **IPv6** for your system; then, under **Configure IP address settings** select the option to use a static IP address.
- 3. Click **Mgt Module Management** > **Properties** > **Advanced Failover** and enable the advance failover option.
- 4. Enter the floating IP address to be used for the CMMs.

Note: You can also set the CMM floating IP address using the CMM command-line interface. See "ifconfig command" in the *Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide* for information.

Chapter 3. CMM web interface overview

Use this information to help you understand the structure and content of the CMM web-based graphical user interface.

Descriptions of the CMM web interface pages and information about the structure and content of the CMM web interface are in this topic. There are also descriptions of CMM web interface features that can be accessed by users, according to their assigned roles or authority levels (see Web interface pages and user roles). See the CMM online help for information about using the CMM web interface to perform selected functions.

Web interface pages and user roles

Chassis user authority can be managed in the CMM web interface.

Users are assigned authority levels according to user permission groups that are set up for the CMM.

Note: LDAP authority levels are not supported by the CMM web interface.

The table that follows contains the CMM web interface pages and the authorities or roles required to change information on these pages. The authorities listed in the table only apply to changing information or performing a task specific to that page. Viewing information on a page does not require any specific authority.

Before using the table, observe the following guidelines:

- A dot (·) indicates that all fields or options on the page are accessible, and it requires only one authority at a time.
- A diamond (◊) indicates that a page requires a combination of two or more authorities. For example, the
 "Mgt Module Management" is available to a user with the Supervisor authority and to a user with both the
 Chassis Account Management and Chassis Configuration authorities.
- Text in a cell indicates that there are specific fields or options that are not accessible.
- An empty cell indicates that the page is read-only.

		Authority								
Page	Supervisor	Chassis Account Management	Chassis Log Management	Chassis Configuration	Chassis Administration	Node Remote Presence	Node Configuration	Node Administration	I/O Module Configuration	I/O Module Administration
System Status				Chassis Name	Chassis LEDs					
Multi-Chassis Monitor										

						Authori	ty			
Page	Supervisor	Chassis Account Management	Chassis Log Management	Chassis Configuration	Chassis Administration	Node Remote Presence	Node Configuration	Node Administration	VO Module Configuration	VO Module Administration
Events	<u> </u>			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u>I</u>	1
Event Log										
Event Recipients										
Service and Supp	ort									
Problems				-						
Settings										
Advanced					Service Reset			Service Reset		Service Reset
Download Service Data										
Chassis Manager	Chassis Management									
Chassis	•									

						Authori	ty			
Page	Supervisor	Chassis Account Management	Chassis Log Management	Chassis Configuration	Chassis Administration	Node Remote Presence	Node Configuration	Node Administration	VO Module Configuration	I/O Module Administration
Compute Nodes						Console Launch	General Boot Sequence, Boot Mode property tabs, Settings, Bios PATCH/ POST actions	Power/ Restart Actions		
Storage Nodes						Console Launch	General tab	Power/ Restart Actions		
I/O Modules									General tab, Reset to de- faults	Power/ Restart Actions, Firm- ware
Fans and Cooling	٠									
Power Modules and Mgmt										
Component IP Configuration	٠								·	
Chassis Internal Network				•						
Hardware Topology										
Reports										
VLAN Configuration	•									

		Authority								
Page	Supervisor	Chassis Account Management	Chassis Log Management	Chassis Configuration	Chassis Administration	Node Remote Presence	Node Configuration	Node Administration	VO Module Configuration	I/O Module Administration
Mgt Module Mana	ageme	ent								
User Accounts		♦			♦					
Firmware				•	•					
Security										
Network				♦	♦					
Configuration	•			Setup Wizard	Backup/ Restore					
Properties										
License Key Management										
Restart										
Reset to Defaults				♦	♦					
File Management	•									

Web interface options

Use this information to help understand the structure and content of the CMM web interface.

Launch the CMM web interface to select the CMM settings that you want to view or change. The menu bar contains options that you can use to configure and manage the chassis. See the CMM online help for more information about using the CMM web interface to perform selected functions. The options that are in the menu bar are described in the following sections.

System Status options

You can view the overall system status, a list of outstanding events that require immediate attention, and the overall status of all chassis components on the System Status page.

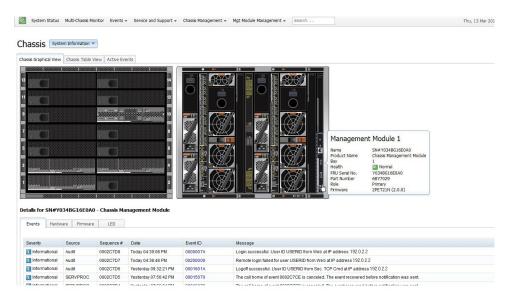
The Chassis Management Module web interface opens to the System Status page. The top right of the page identifies the current user and contains a **Settings** menu, **Logout** and **Help** options, and the current time and date from the CMM. The remaining content of this page and other web interface pages vary according to the type of Flex System Enterprise Chassis that you are using and the firmware versions and options that are installed. See "Starting the web interface" on page 5 for detailed information about opening CMM web interface.

The Chassis Graphical View tab is the default view on the System Status page. The Chassis Graphical View contains an interactive graphic of the front and rear view of the chassis. Each component shows a color-coded overall status to indicate any problems that might exist for that device, with green indicating normal operation, yellow indicating that a non-critical event has occurred, and red indicating that a critical event has occurred. You can move the pointer over an individual component to display some general information about it. Click the component to view or hide detailed information contained in a table below the system graphic. Right-click the component to display a context menu of options available for that component. Click the Chassis Table View tab to change the view from the interactive graphical format to tabular format. The option to export the tabular information in CSV, XML, or PDF format is available from the Chassis Table View.

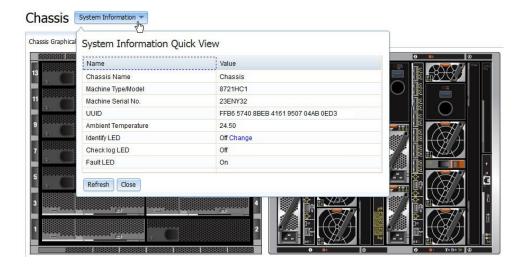
Notes: The various CMM interfaces use different terms to indicate the same condition:

- Web interface: Critical ³, Attention ⁴, Normal ³
- SNMP: Critical/Bad, Warning, Good
- CLI: Critical, Non-critical, OK

The following illustration shows the System Status page of the CMM web interface.

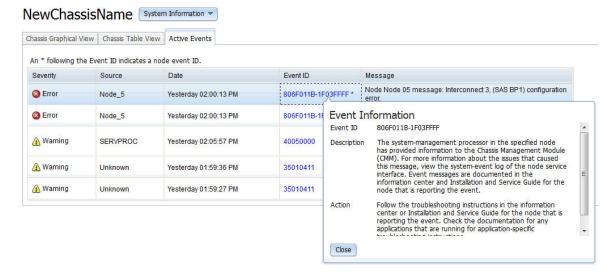


Click **System Information** to display some general information about the chassis. To rename the chassis, click the current chassis name, then enter a new name. For example, in the illustration you would click on the current chassis name, *Chassis*, to change the name.



Note: The graphic used to represent a chassis bay filler is similar in color to the graphic that is used for components that are installed in the chassis. When viewing the graphic, you can move the pointer over a chassis bay or component to view more information about it.

The **Active Events** tab on the System Status page displays events that might affect the performance of the chassis. The following graphic illustrates the Active Events tab after you click the Event ID number.



The following table describes the options that are available from the System Status page.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
System Status		The System Status page contains an overall view of the chassis status and information about the components in the chassis. Click System Information to open a window that displays general system inventory information, an ambient temperature reading, and options to control the identify, check log, and fault LEDs. To rename the chassis, click on the current name of the chassis and enter a new one, with up to 15 alphanumeric characters.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
	Chassis tab	The Chassis tab displays health information for individual components in a table or graphical view.
		Chassis Table View - Click Chassis Table View on the Chassis page to view a table containing components that are installed in the chassis. The information includes the device name, type, overall health status, bay, bay-type, machine type/model, and serial number. Click Export and select a file format to save the information to a file.
		Chassis Graphical View - Click Chassis Graphical View to view a map of the front and rear view of the chassis with all installed components. A component might have a green (normal operation), yellow (non-critical event has occurred), or red (critical event has occurred) tint to indicate the health status of a component. Place the pointer over a component to view the name, bay, model, and status information for that component. Right-click a component to access a menu of options for the component, including power and restart, connectivity tests, LED identification, and component console access. When you click a component, the bottom of the Chassis page will populate with component-specific property tabs. Every property tab is not applicable to every component.
		Note: Some older devices that are installed in the chassis might have device graphics in the Chassis Graphical View that are generalized images of the device and might not be entirely identical to your device. Use the inventory information to help identify the device type and model.
		All of the tabs in the graphical view of the Chassis page are described as follows:
		 Events - List of log events for the selected component.
		 General - Configured options that are specific to each component. The fields are read-only and can be changed from the Chassis Management menu.
		(continued on the next page)
System Status	Chassis tab	Chassis Graphical View(continued)
		- Hardware - A component hierarchy tree on the left panel enables you to select a component and view the selected component's inventory information on the right panel. Expand a parent component (component with a +/-) box to show any associated child components. Click a parent component to view information about the component, including a table that contains the child components and inventory information about each child component. Click the lowest level child component (without a +/-) in the hierarchical tree to view its full inventory data.
		 Firmware - Information about the component firmware. Components for which multiple firmware instances are installed will have the information contained in a table.
		 Power - The following power information about the selected component:
		 State - Indicates whether the device is powered on or off.
		 Allocation - Minimum and maximum power that is allocated for the component.
		 Consumption History - Power consumption of the component for up to the past 24 hours.
		 Environmentals - Temperature and voltage information for the selected component. Some components might also provide one or more threshold values.
		 IO Connectivity - Compatibility information about the selected component and any internally connected I/O modules. This tab also provides information about the internal connectivity status between I/O modules and the network adapter of the component.
		 SOL Status - Information about the Serial over LAN connection and configuration of the component.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		 Boot Sequence - Applies only to compute nodes and enables the user to select the boot order of components that the selected compute node will use when starting up. The following attributes are available for each device:
		Device ID - Numeric identifier for the device.
		 Active - Information about whether a device is active and can be used in the boot order.
		 Presence - Information about the presence of a device. A missing device can be used in the boot order. When the device is present, it is booted in the order in which it was configured.
		Device Label - Label provided by the device.
		 User Label - Label provided by the user.
		 Order - Location in the boot order.
		 LEDs - LEDs that are present on the selected component. All of the LED information viewed from the chassis graphical view property tabs is read-only. The state of some LEDs can be changed through the Chassis Management menu.
		 Boot Mode - Applies only to compute nodes and indicates the following information:
		 Active boot mode - Location of the active copy of the compute node firmware, either the temporary bank or the permanent bank.
		 Pending boot mode - Location where the compute node firmware can be obtained upon the next restart, either the temporary bank or the permanent bank
		 Port info - Applies only to I/O modules and provides information about each switch port.

Monitoring multiple chassis

You can view multiple networked chassis from the CMM web interface. Use the Multi-Chassis Monitor page to view the state of all compute nodes and management nodes in multiple networked chassis from one location.

You can monitor the current state of installed compute nodes and management nodes in multiple chassis and discover recently connected ones on the Multi-Chassis Monitor page. The following illustration shows the Multi-Chassis Monitor page.



The following table describes the options that are available from the Multi-Chassis monitor page.

Navigation bar option	Description
Multi-Chassis Monitor	The Multi-Chassis Monitor page contains a list of all chassis on the network. Chassis are found by using the Service Location Protocol (SLP). SLP must be enabled from the Network page for the remote chassis list to be populated. Click the Discover button to initiate an SLP discovery search for remote chassis. A manual discovery is always required to update the remote chassis list. There is no automated discovery option. General information about the chassis is contained in a table on Multi-Chassis Monitor page. The information includes the management module name, status, web console IP address, and firmware information. Click CMM Name for a remote chassis for a more detailed view of the chassis properties. A remote chassis reports one of the following statuses: Normal - All monitored parameters in the chassis are within normal their operating ranges. Warning - There are currently active warnings or system events, but no critical events are active. Critical - One or more critical events are currently active.

Event log options

The CMM event log contains all log events that are received from all components in the chassis.

All of the log events that are received by the CMM are also sent to the Flex System Manager management node, if one is installed. See "CMM event log" in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis Types 8721 and 8724 Installation and Service Guide for a complete list of all non-device-specific events and recommended actions, sorted by event ID. Device-specific event information is in the documentation for the device.

Notes:

- When CMM system event logs are sent over a network, the data is sent unencrypted and can be read by any user that is connected to the network.
- System events that a CMM sends to the syslog server are facility 1 user-level messages. Each message is assigned a priority that is based on the severity of the event.

To access the CMM event log and configure event recipient notifications in the CMM web interface, open the **Events** menu and click **Event Log**.

The following illustration shows the Event Recipients page.



The following table describes the options that are available from the Event Log page.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Events	Event Log	The Event Log page provides detailed information about important events that occur on the CMM and components in the chassis. Each log entry contains the following attributes:
		Severity - Whether the event is an Informational, Warning, or Critical event.
		Service State - Whether the event is considered a serviceable event.
		Source - The component type than an event is associated with:
		Audit - Events related to a change in the management module configuration.
		 SERVPROC - Events related to a change in management module activities, such as user login.
		 Power_xx - Events related to power modules.
		 IOMod_xx - Events related to I/O modules.
		Cool_xx - Events related to fan modules.
		Node_xx - Events related to compute nodes.
		Sequence Number - Unique numerical value assigned to an event.
		Date - Date and time an event was logged.
		CMM Event ID - Numerical ID that is associated with an event, and that appears when the node event ID does not equal the CMM event ID.
		Event ID - Numerical ID associated with an event. Click the individual Event ID number to obtain additional description information and view suggested actions.
		Message - Description of the event. Some events provide additional data which can be accessed by through the more link. The Event Log page also contains the following options, which are located above the event log table:
		Export - Exports the event log in .csv, .pdf, or comma-delimited format. Select log events to export by checking the box in the first column.
		Delete Events - Deletes selected events from the Event Log page.
		Settings - Monitors the state of the event log and generates a log event when the event log is 75% and 100% full. This event can be transmitted to remote alert recipients.
		Search Events - Searches the event log for the entered text.
		Refresh - Refreshes the Event Log view.
		Filter Events - Filters the content of the log with user-selected criteria.
Events	Event Recipients	The Event Recipients page contains options to manage a list of recipients that will be notified of system events. For each event that occurs, a message is transmitted to an email server, SNMP trap receiver, or syslog server. Options are available to configure each recipient and manage global settings that apply to all event recipients. Multiple recipients can be configured with unique properties specified for each. You can verify that the event notification feature works correctly by generating a test event. The types of recipients and attributes for each are listed as follows:
		Email recipient
		- Descriptive name - Name of recipient.
		- Email address - Email address of recipient.
		 Status - Enable or disable the selected recipient definition.
		 Events to receive - Select to use global settings or filter so that only critical events are sent.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		Note: To enable an email recipient, go to the SMTP tab on the Network page to configure the email server correctly.
		SNMP recipient
		 Descriptive name - Name of recipient.
		 Status - Enable or disable the selected recipient definition.
		 Events to receive - Options to use global settings for sending events, or to send critical events only.
		Note: The destination of a SNMP trap cannot be configured on the Event Recipients page. If you are using SNMPv1, click Mgt Module Management > Network > SNMP. If you are using the default SNMPv3, click Mgt Module Management > User Accounts; then click the user name and click the SNMPv3 in the User Properties window.
		Syslog recipient
		 Filtering level - Filter event notifications by selecting one of the following categories of events: Informational, Warning and Error.
		 Host - Server IP address.
		Port - Port number.
		 Status - Enable or disable this definition.
		In addition to the individual recipient options, the Event Recipient page also contains the following global options:
		Retry limit.
		Delay between retry attempts.
		Send the event log with email notifications.
		 Class of events that causes a message to be sent. For example, the event messages might be limited to critical events for power modules and fan modules.
		Generate a test message to make sure the recipient configuration is correct.

Service and support options

Use the **Service and Support** menu to reset a compute node, download relevant service data, and if support is enabled, report problems to Lenovo Support.

You can troubleshoot chassis problems through the CMM web interface. When you troubleshoot compute nodes, a service reset (sometimes called a service-level reset) might be required. The Service Reset page of the CMM web interface contains both types of service resets: the hard restart and virtual re-seat. Both are described in this section.

- Hard restart Resets the system-management processor of the selected component.
- Virtual re-seat Simulates removing the hardware from the chassis to remove power and then reinserting it.

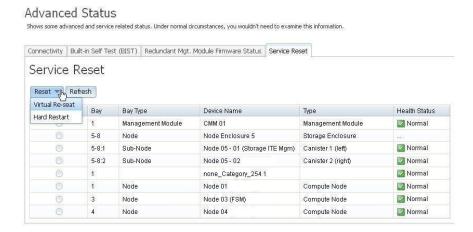
Attention: If you are managing your Flex System chassis using the optional Flex System Manager software, you must unmanage and remanage the chassis when performing virtual re-seat of the primary CMM using the service -vr command. See http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.acc.8731.doc/product_page.html for information.

Note: Along with the procedure that follows, there are compute node restart options on the Compute Nodes page of the CMM web interface. From the CMM web interface home page, click **Chassis Management** > **Compute Nodes**, and select a compute node to reset. Click **Power and Restart**; then, select an option.

Use the following instructions to perform a service reset on a node in your chassis:

- 1. From the CMM web interface home, click Service and Support > Advanced Status > Service Reset.
- 2. Select the node to reset, click **Reset**, and choose a reset option.

The following illustration shows the Service Reset page.



In some troubleshooting cases, you might be required to download service data for your system or individual node. You can download service data from the CMM web interface. Use the following information to access the CMM web interface Download Service Data page.

Note: You cannot collect service data for Power Systems compute nodes from the CMM web interface.

- 1. From the CMM web interface home, click Service and Support > Download Service Data.
- 2. Select the option to download or email the service data that is needed.

The following illustration shows the Download Service Data page options



When support is needed, you can contact Lenovo Support or your approved service provider by using the Service Advisor software. Service Advisor is on the CMM and monitors the chassis hardware events. When Service Advisor detects a hardware event, it can be reported to Lenovo Support, or depending upon your service agreement, an approved service provider. For each automatic support notification Lenovo receives, a service ticket will be opened, and a follow-up call will be made. For you to use Service Advisor, it must be enabled and configured to send an automatic support notification to Lenovo support.

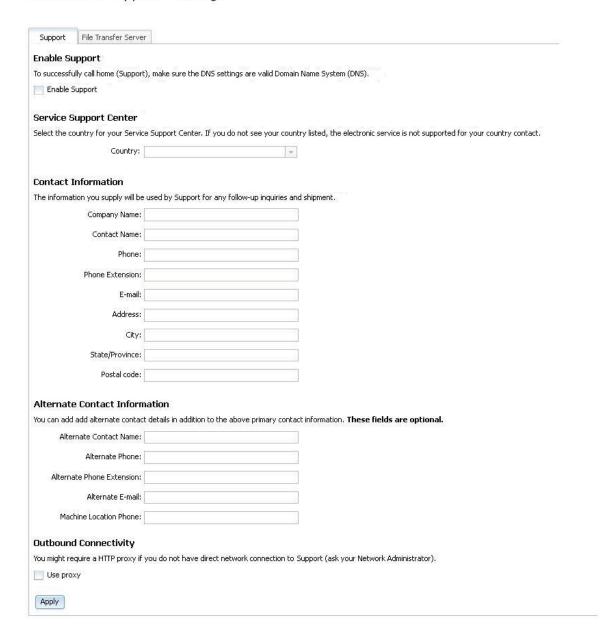
Complete the following steps to enable Service Advisor:

1. From the CMM web interface home, click **Service and Support** > **Settings**.

2. On the IBM Support page, select the **Enable IBM Support** check box, enter the applicable information, and click **Apply** at the bottom of the page.

The following illustration shows the Service and Support > Settings page.

Service and Support - Settings



The following table describes the options and settings that are available through the Service and Support menu.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Service and Support	Problems	The Problems page contains a list of serviceable problems that have been opened and the status of their resolution. The following information is available on the Problems page:
		Serviceable Problem List - Serviceable events that have occurred and information about each event. The following information is available for each event:
		 Corrected - Whether a problem has been resolved. One automatic support notification is performed for an event ID every 120 hours. If you select the check box, the delay time is reset and another automatic support notification is performed the next time the event occurs.
		 Message - Text describing an event that is related to a problem.
		- Severity - Event severity.
		Problem Status - Status of the automatic support notification.
		Ticket Number - Assigned ticket number provided by Lenovo Support.
		File Transfer Server - Whether a problem was also sent to a configured server.
		Source Component - Device in the chassis that is related to the problem.
		Event Date - Date and time an event occurred.
		Event ID - Unique identifier for an event.
		Export - Select a file format to save the information to a file
		Ignored Problems - User-created list of serviceable events that will be excluded from call home requests.
	Settings	The Settings page contains options to enable and configure two forms of automatic support notifications for chassis events. A green status icon indicates whether one of the methods is configured for automatic support notification capability. The following tabs are on the Settings page:
		IBM Support - The following options are available from the IBM Support tab:
		 Enable IBM Support - Enable automatic support notification for the defined Lenovo Service Support Center.
		 IBM Service Support Center - Country where the Lenovo Service Support Center is located.
		 Contact Information - Information that the Lenovo Service Support Center will use to follow up on a problem.
		 Alternate Contact Information - Information that the Lenovo Service Support Center will use to follow up on a problem if the contact cannot be reached using the primary contact information.
		 Outbound Connectivity - Define an HTTP proxy if there is not a direct connection to the Lenovo Service Support Center.
		File Transfer Server - Send service information automatically to a defined FTP, TFTP or SFTP server in the network.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
	Advanced	The Advanced page contains detailed status information about the health and connectivity of the CMM. The following tabs are on the Advanced page:
		Connectivity - List of all possible chassis components and the status of their connection to the primary and redundant CMMs.
		Built-In Self Test - List of self-tests that are completed during the initialization of the primary and redundant CMMs.
		Redundant Management Module Firmware Status - Status related to the firmware update of the standby CMM, if one is installed. When the primary CMM has a firmware update, the same level of firmware is installed on the standby CMM. After the firmware is installed, the standby CMM is restarted and uses the updated firmware.
		Service Reset - This tab is intended for use by service personnel. Two types of component level resets might be available for a component.
		 Reset - Lists the types of component level resets that are available for a component:
		 Virtual Re-seat - Simulates the physical action of removing the node from the chassis to remove power and then reinserting it.
		 Hard Restart - Resets the system-management processor of the selected node.
		Refresh - Refreshes the Service Reset page.
		 Attention: Performing a virtual reseat on Flex System components might result in the loss of data. Do not perform a virtual reseat unless you are instructed by Lenovo Support. Prior to executing a virtual reseat, perform any needed operations to protect user data. Performing a virtual reseat on an Flex System V7000 storage node (or storage cluster) might result in the loss of data. Do not perform a virtual reseat on an Flex System V7000 storage node (or storage cluster) unless you are instructed by Lenovo Support. Prior to executing a virtual reseat, perform any needed operations to protect user data.
		 Important: Instead of performing a virtual reseat on an Flex System V7000 storage node, use the "Powering on and powering off the clustered system" procedure to power off an Flex System V7000 storage node, if needed (see "Powering on and powering off the clustered system" in the Flex System V7000 Storage Node library). If you do perform a virtual reseat on an Flex System V7000 storage node, one or more nodes might cause a node error 578 and be unavailable. Use the Flex System V7000 storage node troubleshooting information to troubleshoot issues caused by the virtual reseat option (see "Troubleshooting" in the Flex System V7000 Storage Node library). For more information on Flex System V7000 storage node error 578, see "Error 578" in the Flex System V7000 Storage Node library. During a virtual reseat, the component will experience a temporary loss of communication and its power state will change. If you are managing your Flex System chassis using the optional Flex System Manager software, you must unmanage and remanage the chassis when performing virtual reseat (service-level reset) of the primary CMM. See http://sysmgt.lenovofiles.com/help/topic/com.lenovo.lxca.doc/chassis unmanage.html and "Remanaging a chassis after unmanaging" for information. Note: Do not perform a virtual reseat on a compute node that indicates it is in maintenance mode. Indications of maintenance mode are shown in the CMM or IMM event logs and by management applications such as the optional Flex System Manager software.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Service and Support	Download Service Data	The Download Service Data page contains the options to generate service data files for components in the chassis. The service data is compressed into a file that can be used by Lenovo Support personnel to assist you in solving problems. Generally, the service data options are used only when they are requested by Lenovo Support personnel. The following options are available:
		Download Mgmt Module Data - Generates the CMM service data file in .tar format.
		Send Mgmt Module Data to Email Recipient - Sends the service data file to specified email recipients. The service.txt file is included as an attachment. For you to use this option, an SMTP server must be specified in Mgmt Module Management > Network SMTP.
		Compute Node Service Data - Generates service data from compute nodes. You must select the compute node, type of service data, and action to perform. All compute node types do not support all options and service data types that are provided. The following actions are available within this option:
		 Compute Node to download data for - Select the compute node to download service data from.
		 Dump type - Select the type of service data to download.
		Collect - Transfers the service data file from the compute node to the CMM. This option does not generate a new service data file; it only transfers the existing service data file to the CMM. You must use other means to determine whether a service data file exists on the compute node. You cannot access the service data file from the CMM user interface. When the file has been collected, you can view the /service directory at: Mgmt Module Management > File Management. You can now transfer the service data file from the compute node to the CMM by using FTP. If there is a problem with the FTP transfer, a Not_available.txt file is generated in the /service directory with information about the problem.
		Storage Node Service Data - Generate service data from storage nodes. Select the storage node, type of service data, and action to perform. All storage node types do not support all options and service data types that are provided. The following actions are available within this option:
		 Storage Node to download data for - Select the storage node to download service data from.
		 Dump type - Select the type of service data to download.
		 Collect - Transfers the service data file from the storage node to the CMM. This option does not generate a new service data file; it only transfers the existing service data file to the CMM. You must use other means to determine whether a service data file exists on the storage node. You cannot access the service data file from the CMM user interface. When the file has been collected, you can view the /service directory at: Mgmt Module Management > File Management. You can now transfer the service data file from the storage node to the CMM by using FTP. If there is a problem with the FTP transfer, a Not_available.txt file is generated in the /service directory with information about the problem. (continued on the next page)
		(Continued on the next page)

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Service and Support	Download Service Data	Storage Node Service Data(continued) Initiate and Collect - Generates a new service data file on the storage node and overwrites any existing file. The CMM will collect the generated service data file. When the file has been collected, you can view the /service directory here: Mgmt Module Management > File Management. You can now transfer the service data file from the storage node to the CMM using FTP. If there is a problem with the FTP transfer, a Not_available.txt file will be generated in the /service directory with information about the problem.
		IOM Service Data - Generates a new service file on the I/O module that overwrites any existing service file. The service file is then transferred from the I/O module to the CMM filesystem. When the transferal is complete, the /tftproot service directory can be accessed from the Mgmt Module Management > File Management page. The file can be obtained from the CMM by file transfer. Note: Some I/O modules might not support the collection of detailed service data.

Chassis management options

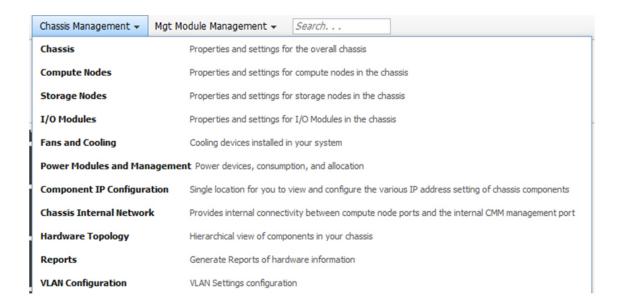
You can configure the chassis and all of the components in the chassis from the CMM web interface.

After initial connection, you must configure the Flex System Enterprise Chassis and its components for your operating environment. When the chassis is started, all installed components are discovered and the vital product data (VPD) of each component is stored in the CMM. The CMM automatically configures the remote management port of the CMM so that you can configure and manage all of the chassis components. You can use the CMM web interface, command-line interface (CLI), or an SNMP browser to manage the chassis components.

You access a compute node integrated management module (IMM) web interface by using a CMM web interface remote console session (see "Starting a remote compute node session" on page 29). If no user accounts have been manually set up for the IMM of a compute node, you must connect to that IMM by using the current CMM user ID and password. For an IMM to communicate with the compute node Advanced Settings Utility (ASU) and UpdateXpress System Pack Installer (UXSPI) programs, a local user account must be set up for the compute node IMM. This local account is not included in an IMM configuration backup. For information about using the compute node IMM interface, see the compute node or IMM documentation.

Note: You can access the compute node integrated management module (IMM) CLI by using a CMM Serial over LAN session (see "Starting an SOL session," in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Command-Line Interface Reference Guide).

The following illustration shows the Chassis Management menu, which contains configuration options for the chassis and components in the chassis.

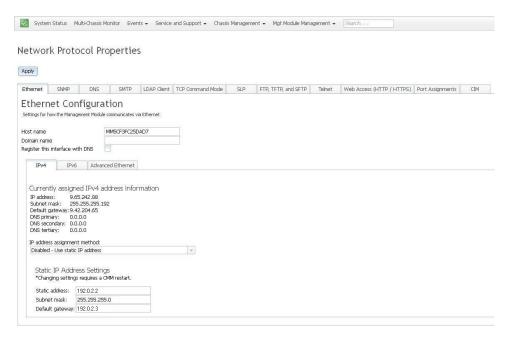


To communicate with the compute nodes for functions such as deploying an operating system or application program over a network, you must also configure at least one external (in-band) port on an Ethernet switch in one of the I/O bays of the chassis.

Note: If a pass-thru module instead of an Ethernet I/O module is installed in an I/O bay, you might have to configure the network switch that the pass-thru module is connected to. See http://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml for available CMM options.

You must configure IP addresses for the CMM and I/O modules to communicate with network resources and with the I/O modules in the chassis. You can find IP address configuration options by clicking **Mgt Module**Management > Network from the CMM web interface.

The following illustration shows the Network Protocol Properties page for configuring the CMM network properties.



The following table contains a description of the options that are available from the Chassis Management menu.

Naviga- tion bar option	Colo ati	Description
Chassis Manage-	Selection Chassis	Properties and settings for the overall chassis can be accessed from the Chassis Management > Chassis page. The following tabs are available on the Chassis:
ment		 Identification - Enables the user to enter general information about the chassis, including name, room, rack, lowest rack unit, unit height, and physical location.
		LEDs - Displays the status of all chassis LEDs. You can change the state of the location LED. The following status information is available for the LEDs on the front bezel of the chassis:
		 Identify - Provides a visual way of identifying the chassis and can be in the following states: On, Off or Blinking.
		 Check Log - Provides a visual way of identifying that the event log contains critical information and needs attention. This LED is turned on by the system management software and can only be turned off by the user.
		 Fault - Provides a visual way of knowing that a critical system fault has occurred. This LED is turned on and off by the system management software.
		Temperature - Current ambient temperature of the chassis and its associated threshold information. The chart that is provided contains the average, minimum, and maximum temperature history, and associated threshold information for the chassis. The range of the vertical axis on the chart corresponds to the highest temperature generated by the chassis for the time period that is selected. The following tabs are on the Temperature page:
		 Rear LED Card - The chassis ambient temperatures and a historical graph for a specified time period. The chart contains the average temperature history for the chassis Rear LED Card component.
		 Exhaust Heat Index - Specifies minimum, maximum, and average exhaust heat index (EHI) history for the chassis. The range of the vertical axis on the chart corresponds to the highest temperature generated by the chassis for the time period that is selected.
		 Hot Air Recirculation - Option to monitor the thermal difference between the front air and rear air of the chassis. This helps to detect situations where warm exhaust air flow is recirculated to the front air intake region of the chassis. If the threshold difference is reached, a warning event is logged. The range of the vertical axis corresponds to the highest temperature generated by the chassis for the time period that is selected.
		Air Flow - Contains the historical air flow trend for the chassis.
		 Air Filter - Enables the configuration of a reminder to replace the air filter. You can set the reminder for 1, 3, or 6 months, depending on the level of air contaminants in the chassis environment. The reminder is sent in the form of an event and is added to the event log.
Chassis Manage- ment	Compute Nodes	The Compute Nodes page contains a table of the compute nodes that are in the chassis. Each row has summary information for an individual compute node, including name, type, health status, power state, bay number, bay type, and machine type and model. You can add more property columns by clicking Columns and selecting more properties. Additional capabilities are provided through the menus directly above the table. You can click the compute node name to open a set of property tabs. You can access the compute node property tabs from the System Status page, but with read-only permission. The following options are available on the Compute Nodes page:
		Power and Restart - Contains options to perform power operations on a specified compute node. The CMM web interface generally updates the power status in real time, but some operations might take longer. Check the event log for the results of performing a power operation. Not all compute nodes support all of the power options. The following options are available:

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
		- Power On
		Note: If the compute node is connected to an IBM® Flex System V7000 Storage Node, make sure that the storage node is powered on before you power on any compute nodes that will be accessing the clustered storage system.
		- Power Off
		 Shutdown OS and Power Off
		- Restart Immediately
		Restart with Non-maskable Interrupt (NMI)
		Restart System Mgmt Processor
		 Boot to SMS Menu (supported only for Flexible Service Processors (FSP))
		Actions - Contains options that perform management functions on the selected compute node. The following options are available:
		 Launch Compute Node Console - Opens a compute node console in a web session. Not all compute nodes support the ability to connect through a web session.
		 Identify LED - Options to turn on, off, or flash the blue LED on the selected compute node to assist in locating the node in the chassis.
		Global Settings - Contains options for the global configuration of all compute nodes. The following options are available:
		 Policies - Options to enable Wake on LAN and to enable the power button on the selected compute node.
		 Serial over LAN - Enable Serial over LAN (SOL) communication and define SOL- specific transport parameters and keystroke sequences from the Serial over LAN tab.
		Note: You cannot update the firmware for a compute node while the LAN over USB interface is disabled. Before updating the firmware, you must re-enable the interface. After updating the firmware, you can disable the interface again.
		Columns - Select the type of columns to display the compute node information in.
		Detailed Properties - Click the compute node name to access the following property tabs:
		 Events - Contains a list of events for the selected compute node. The entries are in the same format as the event log.
		 General - Contains the following configuration options that are specific to each compute node:
		 Compute Node Name - Descriptive name assigned to the compute node. If a name is not provided, the default name is the compute node serial number preceded by the characters SN#.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis	Compute	(continued)
Manage-	Nodes	Detailed Properties (continued)
ment		- General
		 Auto Power On Mode - Enables users to control the power on sequencing of compute nodes in the chassis. When this option is set to Auto power, the selected compute node is automatically powered on when power is applied to the chassis regardless of the previous power state of the compute node. When set to Manual power, the selected compute node is powered off until manually

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
		powered on by the user. When this option is set to Restore previous state , the CMM attempts to power on all compute nodes that were previously powered on.
		Note: If the chassis hardware configuration has changed since the last known power state, no nodes will be powered on.
		 Power On Delay - Number of seconds a compute node power on action is delayed to lower the traffic load on the management bus.
		Node Bay Data - Customizable data that is stored on the compute node but is associated with the chassis bay that is occupied by the compute node. When the compute node is inserted into a different bay, the previous node bay data stored in the compute node is overwritten with the new node bay data. Node bay data enables the compute node operating system to read bay-specific data and configure the node for the bay. You can enter up to 60 alphanumeric characters for Node Bay Data.
		 Bay Data Status - Status value for the selected chassis bay. The following status values are available for the Bay Data Status field:
		 Node not present - No node is installed in the bay.
		 Unsupported - The node system-management processor firmware does not support Node Bay Data functions. You might be able to upgrade the firmware to a version that supports Node Bay Data.
		 BSMP - The node system-management processor supports Node Bay Data, but the BIOS has not read the current Node Bay Data definition. This is an operational status, meaning that the BIOS has not read Node Bay Data because it must be run again or the BIOS firmware level does not support Node Bay Data.
		 Supported - The node fully supports Node Bay Data. The latest Node Bay Data definition is in the system-management processor and BIOS SMBIOS structure.
		 Discovering - Usually displayed for a short time while the node is being discovered by the CMM.
		 Management Network Status - Internal management network interface status for the selected compute node.
		 Internal Mgmt Port MAC - Internal management network interface MAC address for the selected compute node.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis Manage-	Compute Nodes	Detailed Properties (continued)
ment		- General
		 Powered On Time - Elapsed time since the selected compute node has been powered on.
		 Number of OS Boots - Number of times the node has booted from the operating system since the most recent insertion into the chassis.
		 Enable Serial Over LAN - Individual node setting for Serial over LAN support.
		 Enable Local Power Control - Individual node setting for the power button on the node.
		 Enable Ethernet Over USB - Individual node setting for the internal Ethernet interface over USB. This field is not supported by all nodes and is not visible when it is not supported.

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
		Note: You cannot update the firmware for a compute node while the Enable Ethernet Over USB option is disabled. Before updating the firmware, you must enable the option. After updating the firmware, you can disable the option again.
		- Hardware - Contains a hierarchical file tree on the left portion of the screen and associated inventory data for the selected component. A parent component (one with a +/- box) can be expanded to show its associated child components. Click the parent component to view some basic information about the parent component and a table of its associated child components. The columns in the table provide full inventory data of the associated child components. When the lowest level child component is reached (one without a +/- box), click the node to view full inventory data of the child component.
		 Firmware - Identification information for the component firmware, including installed network adapters. Some components might have multiple firmware loads; in this case, the multiple firmware releases are contained in a table.
		Power - Contains the following power statistics for the selected component:
		 Power State - Indicates whether the component is powered on or off.
		 Power In Use - Current power consumption of the component.
		 Minimum/Maximum Allocation - Minimum and maximum power allocated to the component.
		 Capabilities - Power management capabilities that are supported by the component.
		 Power Saving Options - List of power saving policy settings. The following settings are available:
		 No power savings - Indicates that there is no power saving policy set.
		 Static low power saver - Reduces power consumption by altering the operating voltage and frequency.
		 Dynamic power saver - Controls the operating voltage and frequency of the microprocessors, based on the load.
		 Power Capping Options - Enables a power limit to control the maximum power that is consumed by the component.
		 Consumption History - Graphical representation of power consumption over a set amount of time.
		 Environmentals - Contains voltage and temperature information for the selected component. Some components might provide one or more threshold values.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis Manage-	Compute Nodes	Detailed Properties (continued)
ment		 IO Connectivity - Displays connectivity status and compatibility details for the selected node and the I/O modules that it is connected to.
		 SOL Status - Contains information about Serial Over LAN connection and configuration for the selected node.
		 Boot Sequence - Contains options that enable the user to select the order of boot devices for the node when it is powered on. The options apply to compute nodes. Possible devices are displayed in the order in which they will be powered on. The following attributes are available for each device:
		 Device ID - Numeric identifier of the device.
		 Active - Whether the device can be used in the boot order.

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
		 Presence - Whether the device is present. A missing device can be added to the boot sequence. When the device is present, it will be powered on.
		 Device Label - Identification label provided by the device itself.
		 User Label - Identification label specified by the user.
		 Order - Location of the device in the boot order.
		 LEDs - Displays LEDs that are present on the device, including title, description, and state. All information viewed from the CMM graphical view property tabs is read- only. You can access options to change the state of some LEDs by clicking: Chassis Management > Compute Nodes > Actions.
		 Boot Mode - Contains boot options to indicate the location of the active and pending compute node firmware. This tab applies only to compute nodes and has the following options:
		 Active boot mode - Location of the active copy of the compute node firmware, either the temporary bank or the permanent bank.
		 Pending boot mode - Location that the compute node firmware will be obtained from on the next reboot, either the temporary bank or the permanent bank.
Chassis Manage- ment	Storage Nodes	The Storage Nodes page contains a table of the storage nodes that are in the chassis. Each row has summary information for the individual storage nodes, including device name, device type, health status, power state, bay number, bay type, and machine type and model. You can add more property columns by clicking Columns and selecting more properties. Additional capabilities are provided through the menus directly above the table. You can click the storage node name to open a set of property tabs. You can access the storage node property tabs from the System Status page, but with read-only permission. The storage node name can be clicked to open the following tabs:
		Power and Restart - Contains options to perform power operations on a specified compute node. The CMM web interface generally updates the power status in real time, but some operations might take longer. Check the event log for the results of performing a power operation. Not all compute nodes support all of the power options. The following options are available:
		- Power On
		 Power Off (SRC will shutdown the OS)
		Restart System Management Processor
		(continued on the next page)

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
Chassis	Storage	(continued)
Manage- ment	Nodes	 Actions - Contains the following options that perform management functions on the selected compute node:
		 Launch Storage Node Console - Opens a storage node console in a web session. Not all storage nodes support the ability to connect through a web session.
		 Identify LED - Options to turn on, off, or flash the blue LED on the selected compute node to assist in locating the node in the chassis.
		 Detailed Properties - Click the compute node name to access the property tabs. The following list includes all of the detailed properties, but not every property applies to every component:
		 Events - Contains a list of events for the selected node. The entries are in the same format as the event log.
		 General - Contains the following configuration options that are specific to each storage node:
		 Node Name - Descriptive name assigned to the compute node. If a name is not provided, the default name will be the compute node serial number preceded by the characters SN#.
		 Auto Power On Mode - Storage nodes are automatically powered on. This setting can not be configured for storage nodes.
		 Power On Delay - Number of seconds a compute node power on action is delayed. This gives the user control to power on the nodes process of compute nodes in order to lower the traffic load on the management bus.
		Node Bay Data - Customizable data that is stored on the node, but is associated with the chassis bay that is occupied by the node. When the node is inserted into a different bay, the previous node bay data stored in the node is overwritten with the new node bay data. Node bay data enables the node OS to read bay-specific data and configure the node for the bay. You can enter up to 60 alphanumeric characters for Node Bay Data.
		 Bay Data Status - Storage nodes do not support bay data status reporting.
		- Hardware - Contains a hierarchical file tree on the left portion of the screen and associated inventory data for the selected component. A parent component (one with a +/- box) can be expanded to show its associated child component. Click the parent component to view some basic information about the parent component and a table of its associated child components. The columns in the table provide full inventory data of the associated child components. When the lowest level child component is reached (one without a +/- box), click the node to view full inventory data of the child component.
		 Firmware - Contains identification information for the firmware of the selected component, including installed network adapter cards. If the selected component has multiple firmware loads, they will be contained in a table.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis Manage-	Storage Nodes	Detailed Properties (continued)
ment		 Power - Contains power statistics for the selected component. The power statistics include the following:
		 Power State - Indicates whether the component is powered on or off.
		 Consumption - Current power consumption of the component.
		 Allocation - Minimum and maximum power allocated for the selected component.

Naviga-		
tion bar option	Selection	Description
		 Capabilities - List of power management capabilities supported by the selected node and statistics used in the power management algorithms.
		 Power Saving Options - Storage nodes do not support power saving options.
		 Power Capping Options - Enables a power limit to control the maximum power that is consumed by the component.
		 Consumption History - Graphical representation of power consumption over a set amount of time.
		 Environmentals - Contains voltage and temperature information for the selected component. Some components might provide one or more threshold values.
		 IO Connectivity - Contains information about the internal connectivity status between I/O modules and the network adapter on the selected storage node.
		 LEDs - Contains information about LEDs that are present on the selected component, including title, description and state of the LED. Any LEDs that are capable of having their state changed are displayed in the State column.
Chassis Manage- ment	I/O Modules	The I/O Modules page contains a table of the I/O modules that are in the chassis, with summary information about each one, including device name string, health status, bay number, power state, inventory information, and I/O compatibility details. Additional capabilities are provided by menus located above the table. You can also click the I/O module name to open property tabs.
		 Power and Restart - Contains power operations for the selected I/O modules. The web interface updates the power status in real time, but some operations might take longer. Check the event log for the results of a power operation. The following power options are available are from the Power and Restart menu:
		- Power On
		- Power Off
		Restart Immediately and Run Standard Diagnostics
		Restart Immediately and Run Full Diagnostics
		Restart Immediately and Run Extended Diagnostics
		Actions - Contains the following menu options for the selected module:
		 Reset Factory Defaults - Sets the configuration to the factory defaults
		 Send Ping Requests - Sends a diagnostic stream of pings to the module
		Launch IOM Console - Launches a web session to directly access the module
		Identify LED - Manages the identification LED
		Detailed Properties - Click the I/O module name to access its detailed properties. The following list includes all of the detailed properties, but not every property applies to every component:
		 Events - Contains a list of events that are relevant to the selected component. The entries are in the same format as the full event log.
		 General - Contains the following configuration options that are specific to each I/O module:
		 Stacking Mode - The current stacking mode state of the I/O module:
		N/A - The I/O module does not have stacking capability.
		 Standby - The I/O module has stacking capability but is not part of a stack at the moment.
		 Master - The I/O module has stacking capability and is part of a stack right now in the master role.

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
		 Member - The I/O module has stacking capability and is part of a stack right now in the member role.
		 Post Status - The results of an I/O module power-on self-test during switch initialization.
		 Protected Mode Status - The current protected mode state of the I/O module:
		 N/A - Protected mode capability does not exist on the I/O module.
		 Disabled - Protected mode capability exists on the I/O module, but has not been enabled.
		 Pending - Protected mode has been activated on the CMM, but is still being activated for the I/O module.
		 Active - Protected mode is active on the I/O module and the CMM.
		Attention - Protected mode is enabled on the I/O module, but not on the CMM.
		 Management Network Status - The internal management network interface status for this I/O module. This field might not be available for I/O modules that are members of a stack.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis Manage-	I/O Modules	Detailed Properties (continued)
ment		- General
		 Internal Mgmt Port MAC - The internal management network interface MAC address for this I/O module. This field might not be available for I/O modules that are members of a stack.
		 Power On Delay - Number of seconds an I/O module power on action is delayed. Enables the ability for the user to stagger the powering on of multiple I/O modules. This helps lower the traffic load on the management bus.
		 Enable data (non-management) ports - Enable or disable the external ports of an I/O module. When the external ports are disabled, no traffic can go through these ports. This setting can not be changed when protected mode is enabled for the selected I/O module.
		 Enable external management over all ports - Enable or disable external configuration management of the selected I/O module. When this field is set to disabled, only the management module ports can be used to change the configuration on this module. When the field is set to enabled, all ports, including internal, external, and management module ports, can be used for configuration. This setting cannot be changed when protected mode is enabled for the selected I/O module.
		Preserve new IP configuration on all resets - Specifies if the user-defined IP configuration will be saved. If this field is set to enabled , be sure that a valid static IP configuration is set for the selected I/O module so that when the defaults are restored, or a reset is initiated by a source other than the CMM, the static IP configuration will maintain communication between the CMM and the selected I/O module. If this field is set to disabled , the default IP configuration is active when the I/O module is reset to defaults by the CMM or the selected I/O module itself. If an I/O module reset is initiated by a source other than the CMM, the previous IP configuration is used and the CMM will lose IP communications with the selected I/O module.
		 Enable protected mode - Enables the protected mode function on the CMM.
		 Hardware - Contains a hierarchical file tree on the left portion of the screen and associated inventory data for the selected component. A parent component (one with a +/- box) can be expanded to show its associated child components. Click a

Naviga-		
tion bar option	Selection	Description
		parent component to view some basic information about the parent component and a table of its associated child components. The columns in the table provide full inventory data of the associated child components. When the lowest level child component is reached (one without a +/- box), click the node to view full inventory data of the child component.
		 Firmware - Contains identification information for the firmware of the selected component, including installed network adapters. If the selected component has multiple firmware loads, they are contained in a table. An inactive firmware version can be activated by selecting the row, then clicking Make Active. To update a particular firmware version, select the row and click Update. A firmware update wizard will guide you through the options for updating your firmware, including a direct update to the I/O module through an external server or a local file update from the web client.
		Power - Contains the following power statistics for the selected component:
		 Power State - Whether the component is powered on or off.
		 Power In Use - Current power consumption of the component.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis Manage-	I/O Modules	Detailed Properties (continued)
ment		– Power
		 Maximum Allocated Power - Maximum power allowed for the selected component.
		 Consumption History - Graphical representation of power consumption over a set amount of time.
		 IO Connectivity - Connectivity status and compatibility details for the selected I/O module and compute nodes that it is connected to.
		 Port Info - Contains detailed information about each IO module port. Clicking the Full Port Info button provides additional information as noted in some options that follow. The Full Port Info might take several minutes to display. The following information is shown on the Port Info tab:
		Port - Numeric value of the port number
		 Label - Description of the port, which can be clicked to view additional information such as cable length, cable vendor, cable compatibility, and cable type.
		 Port Type - Type of port, for example, internal or external.
		 Protocol - Protocol used for the port, such as Ethernet or Fibre Channel.
		 Data Rate - Data rate used by the port, such as SDR, DDR or QDR. This information is displayed after clicking Full Port Info.
		 Width - Numeric value of the port width. This information is displayed after clicking Full Port Info.
		 Media - Port media that is used, such as copper or fiber. This information is displayed after clicking Full Port Info.
		 Link Setting - Configurable link setting of the port.
		 Speed Setting - Configurable speed setting of the port.
		 Mode - Configurable duplex mode of the port.
		 LEDs - Contains information about LEDs that are present on the selected IO module, including title, description and state of the LED. Any LEDs that are capable of having their state changed are displayed in a list in the State column.

Naviga- tion bar option	Selection	Description
Chassis Manage-	Fans and Cooling	The Fans and Cooling page provides detailed information for all of the chassis fans and cooling devices. The following property tabs are available:
ment		Cooling Devices - Fan modules and cooling devices with their properties, including speed, zone association, fan status, and fan controller status. Click the fan module name in the Fan column to access the following properties:
		Events - Events that have occurred for the selected fan module.
		Power - Power consumption of the selected fan module.
		Cooling Zones - Status of each of the cooling zones in the chassis. Click the zone name in the Zone column to access the following property tabs:
		 Fans - Summary information for the fan modules in the selected cooling zone, including speed, fan status, and fan controller status.
		Components - Chassis components associated with the selected cooling zone.
		 Acoustic Attenuation - Enables the user to set a policy for how quickly the chassis fan speed is increased in the case of a thermal event on the selected node. When the option is set to Off, the fan speed will increase without concern for acoustic noise limits. A numeric value of 5 indicates the highest priority for remaining within acoustic noise limits by limiting the amount the fan speed can be increased. As a result, this setting increases the possibility that the node might have to be throttled to remain within the acoustic noise limit. As the setting number increases, less priority is placed on remaining within acoustic noise limits.
Chassis Manage-	Power Modules and Manage- ment	The Power Modules and Management page contains power management policies and power hardware information. The following tabs are available:
ment		Policies - Contains options to configure power policies for power redundancy, in case of power module failure, and power limiting. The following policies are available on the Policies tab:
		 Power Redundancy Policy - Options to configure a backup power source for the chassis. The following options are available:
		 Power Source Redundancy - This option is intended for dual power supplies in the chassis. Maximum input power is limited to the capacity of half the number of installed power modules. This is the most conservative approach and is recommended when all power modules are installed. When the chassis is wired with redundant power sources, one power source can fail without affecting compute node operation. Some compute nodes might not be allowed to power on if doing so would exceed the policy power limit.
		 Power Source Redundancy with Compute Node Throttling Allowed - This option is similar to the Power Source Redundancy policy; however, this policy allows higher input power, however capable compute nodes might be allowed to throttle down if one power source fails.
		 Power Module Redundancy - Intended for a single power source in the chassis where each power module has its own dedicated circuit. The maximum input power is limited to the power of one less than the total number of power modules when more than one power module is present. One power module can fail without affecting compute node operation. Multiple power module failures can cause the chassis to power off. Some compute nodes might not be allowed to power on if doing so would exceed the policy power limit.
		 Power Module Redundancy with Compute Nodes Throttling Allowed - This option enables higher input power, similar to the Power Module Redundancy option. Some compute nodes might be able to throttle down if a power module fails.

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
		 Basic Power Management - The maximum input power is higher than the other policies and is limited only by the indicated power of all the power modules combined. This is the least conservative option, with no protection for power source or power module failure. When a power supply fails, compute node or chassis operation might be affected.
		 Power Limiting/Capping Policy - Policies for limiting the total amount of power that the chassis is allowed to consume overall.
		 No Power Limiting - Maximum input power is determined by the active Power Redundancy Policy.
		 Static Power Limiting - Sets an overall chassis limit on the maximum input power. In a situation where powering on a component will cause the limit to be exceeded, the component will not be permitted to power on.
		 Hardware - The Hardware tab provides the following options to monitor the overall chassis power status and individual power module information:
		Total DC Power Available - All of the power that is available for the chassis.
		 Power Modules - Table of installed power modules with the rated power, status, and status details information of each.
		 Power Modules Cooling - Table of installed power module cooling modules with fan count, percent of average speed, average speed, and fan controller state properties.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis	Power Modules and Manage- ment	(continued)
Manage- ment		 Input Power and Allocation - The Input Power and Allocation tab provides chassis power allocation information, a power consumption graph, and a table containing each installed components power data. The following property tabs are available:
		Overall - Contains the following information in a graphical pie-chart format:
		 Total Thermal Output - Output value in BTU per hour.
		 Power Allocation - The following properties are available regarding power allocation:
		 Allocated - Maximum amount that all components together can theoretically consume. The CMM maintains at least this amount of power for chassis consumption.
		 Remaining - Amount of power that remains for additional devices
		 Current Power Consumption - Amount of power that is currently being consumed.
		 Average Input Power - Current average power consumption of all components in the chassis.
		 Remaining - Amount of power remaining for additional components.
		 Details - Contains a table with the following information for installed chassis components:
		 Device Type - Description of the component.
		 Device Name - Name assigned to the component.
		 Bay - Chassis bay that the component occupies.
		 Bay Type - Type of chassis baby that the component occupies.
		 Power State - Current power state of the component.
		 Average Input Power - Average power consumption.
		Minimum Allocated Power - Lower limit of allocated power for the component.

Naviga- tion bar option	Selection	Description
		Maximum Allocated Power - Upper limit of allocated power for the component.
		Power History - Chart of the power consumption history for this chassis. The range of the vertical axis corresponds to the maximum power, in watts, that is allocated for the chassis.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis	Power Modules and Manage- ment	(continued)
Manage- ment		 Power Scheduling - Contains options to create one or more profiles to automate power actions for a component in the chassis. For example, to save energy, a user might want to power off a compute node at a certain time every night, and then power it back on every morning. To set up a power profile, a user defines a group specification, which identifies a component or set of components that meet a criteria for inclusion in the group.
		Note: This function is currently supported only for compute nodes.
		The following options are available from the Power Scheduling page:
		Group Name - Description that identifies a group.
		 Filter Type - Options to find a component or set of components, including by serial number, machine model and type or a slot number.
		 Filter Value - Properties that are related to the filter type that is specified. The following properties are available:
		 Serial number - Up to a 31-character null-terminated string with the wild card (*) is accepted.
		 Model / Type - Up to a 31-character null-terminated string with the wild card (*) is accepted. Consult the component inventory data to provide the correct text.
		 Slot Number - One component keyword followed by a set of parentheses that can contain a comma-delimited list of slot numbers and dash-delimited ranges of slot numbers, for example, 'blade(1,3,4-6, 8, 2-5, 12, 13-14)' or 'blade(3), blade (5-9, 2)'. White space is ignored in the specification.
		 Action Type - Power operation that is selected by the user, including power off, power on, power cycle, and power off with soft shutdown.
		 Frequency - Frequency with which the operation is executed, including one time, daily, and weekly.
		 Seconds - Second of the minute (1-60), required for setting the frequency time.
		 Minutes - Minute of the hour (1-60), required for setting the frequency time.
		 Hours - Hour of the day (1-24), required for setting the frequency time.
		 Day of week - Day of the week, required for setting the frequency time.
		 Day of month - Day of the month (1-31), required for the one-time frequency choice.
		 Month - Month of the year, required for the one-time frequency choice.
		Year - Year in four-digit format, required for the one-time frequency choice.

Naviga- tion bar option	Selection	Description
Chassis Manage- ment	Component IP Configura- tion	The Component IP Configuration page allows the user to configure and view IPv4 and IPv6 configuration settings for compute nodes and I/O modules. The following sections are available:
		I/O Modules - Contains a table for each component type indicating the location and description of the device, along with a viewable list of active IP addresses. IPv6 support is required. IPv4 can be disabled if necessary. Click the device name in the Device Name column to access property tabs for the I/O module management interface. The following property tabs are available:
		 General Setting - Lists the MAC address of the I/O module management interface. If an I/O module is a member of a stack, the MAC address might not be displayed.
		 IPv4 - Contains the following IPv4 properties:
		 Configuration method - Static, DHCP, or DHCP with static fallback.
		 Static IP address, mask, and gateway.
		 IPv6 - Contains the following IPv6 properties:
		 Link local address.
		 Enable or disable DHCPv6 support.
		 Enable or disable stateless auto-configuration.
		 Enable or disable static IP support.
		Compute Nodes - Click the compute node name in the Device Name column to access property tabs for the compute node. The following property tabs are available:
		 General Setting - Lists the MAC addresses of the compute node management interfaces to the primary and standby CMM.
		 IPv4 - Contains the following IPv4 properties:
		 Configuration method - Static, DHCP or DHCP with static fallback.
		 Static IP address, mask and gateway.
		 IPv6 - Contains the following IPv6 properties:
		 Link local address
		 Enable or disable DHCPv6 support
		 Enable or disable stateless auto-configuration
		Enable or disable static IP support
		 IPv6 Auto-Config - When DHCPv6 or stateless auto-configuration is enabled, the IPv6 Auto-Config tab is displayed. This tab provides the following properties:
		 DHCPv6 assigned addresses
		 Stateless auto-configuration assigned IP addresses and prefix lengths
		Storage Nodes - Click the storage node name in the Device Name column to access property tabs for the node. The following property tabs are available:
		 General Setting - Lists the MAC addresses of the storage node management interfaces to the primary and standby CMM.
		 IPv4 - Contains the following IPv4 properties:
		 Configuration method - Static, DHCP or DHCP with static fallback.
		 Static IP address, mask and gateway.
		(continued on the next page)

Naviga- tion bar		
option	Selection	Description
Chassis Manage-	Component IP	Storage Nodes (continued)
Manage- ment	Configura- tion	IPv6 - Contains the following IPv6 properties:
		 Link local address
		 Enable or disable DHCPv6 support
		 Enable or disable stateless auto-configuration
		Enable or disable static IP support
		 IPv6 Auto-Config - When DHCPv6 or stateless auto-configuration is enabled, the IPv6 Auto-Config tab is displayed. This tab provides the following properties:
		 DHCPv6 assigned addresses
		 Stateless auto-configuration assigned IP addresses and prefix lengths
Chassis Manage- ment	Chassis Internal Network	The Chassis Internal Network (CIN) provides internal connectivity between compute node ports and the internal management module management port. This capability allows a user to access the CMM from a compute node, for example, by opening a web, CLI, or SNMP session. The communication path is two-way, so that the CMM can also use services on the compute node, such as, LDAP, SMTP, DNS, and NTP. The Chassis Internal Network page enables the user to monitor the status of CIN sessions and change CIN parameters. The following tabs are available:
		General - Contains the options to enable or disable the CIN function globally. One of the following check boxes is available, depending on the CIN current state:
		Enable Chassis Internal Network - Activates the CIN
		 Management module reads the CIN entries
		 When an entry is enabled and the CIN VLAN ID is new and does not have a CIN interface, a new CIN interface based on that CIN VLAN ID is created. Use the CIN IP address from the entry to create a host route.
		 When an entry is enabled and the CIN IP address is 0.0.0.0, start ARP monitoring.
		Disable Chassis Internal Network - Deactivates the CIN
		 Stops all ARP monitoring
		 Deletes all host routes
		Deletes all CIN interfaces
		Status - Contains a summary list of all CIN sessions in a table. The following properties are available for the list of CIN sessions:
		 CIN VLAN ID - Virtual LAN (VLAN) ID supporting CIN
		 CIN IP Address - IP address communicating on the CIN. An asterisk (*) after the address indicates that the address was dynamically created and not configured by the user.
		 CIN MAC - MAC address associated with the IP address.
		Status - CIN connection status:
		 Operational - CMM can ping the CIN IP address.
		 Not Operational - The CMM cannot ping the CIN IP address. Verify that the compute node and the I/O module are configured properly and the configurations are compatible with those of the CMM.
		 Disabled - CIN configuration was disabled by a CMM administrator.
		Configuration - Contains a table of CIN entries that allows you to define, enable, disable, or delete CIN entries. A maximum of 14 CIN configuration entries are supported. The table columns are as follows:

Naviga- tion bar	Selection	Description
	Ocicotion	Bay - Index between 1 and 14 (inclusive) to identify the CIN configuration.
		 CIN VLAN ID - Virtual LAN (VLAN) ID that supports CIN. Values can range from 3 to 4094 (inclusive). These VLAN IDs cannot be the same as the one used for Serial over LAN.
		(continued on the next page)
Chassis Manage- ment	Chassis Internal Network	 Configuration (continued) CIN IP Address - IP address that is allowed to communicate on the CIN. The value of 0.0.0.0 indicates that any IP address can communicate on the CIN. In this case, the CMM listens on the CIN VLAN ID and learns the IP addresses dynamically. If you want to restrict the addresses, you must define each IP address specifically. CIN entries cannot have matching IP addresses, with the exception of 0.0.0.0. Multiple CIN entries with an IP address of 0.0.0.0 are allowed, provided that the VLAN IDs are different. The IP address of a CIN entry cannot be multicast or match the CMM IP address. If the CIN IP address is 0.0.0.0, the compute node IP address for the CIN that is configured in the compute node operating system cannot be in the same subnet as the CMM.
		 Enable - Column that allows the user to enable, disable, or delete a CIN configuration:
		 Enabled - The CMM reads the entry and creates a new CIN interface if the CIN VLAN ID is new and does not have a CIN interface, and then adds a host route and monitors communication path. ARP monitoring is started if the IP is set to 0.0.0.0.
		 Disabled - The host route is deleted. If this is the last IP address that uses the CIN interface, ARP monitoring is stopped if the IP is 0.0.0.0 and the CIN interface is deleted if there is no other entry that depends on it.
	Hardware Topology	The Chassis Hardware Topology page contains a hierarchical view of the components in the chassis. The graphical hardware topology tree is located on the left panel and displays components that can be clicked to display all of the associated inventory data in the right panel. A parent component displays a +/- box and can be expanded to show its associated child components. Click the parent component to view information about the component and a table of its associated child components. The table contains inventory data for each child component. When the lowest level child component is reached, you can click on the child component to view its inventory data.
	Reports	You can generate hardware reports for all components that have MAC addresses or unique identifiers from the Reports page. The following tabs contain tables with information about each connected component:
		 MAC Addresses - Contains summary information for all installed chassis devices that have MAC addresses.
		 Unique IDs - Contains summary information for all installed chassis devices that have unique identifiers, including Fibre Channel WWNs, storage SAS IDs, and Infiniband GUIDs. The device type indicators: W, S, or G, are added after the name value to identify the type of device.
		Firmware Analysis - Contains the primary firmware levels of installed nodes in the chassis. This information is grouped by machine type/model and groups two or more nodes with the same type/model. This information is intended to be used for determining which components might need firmware upgrades.
		 Component Firmware - Contains a listing of all installed firmware for compute nodes, storage nodes, node network cards, and switches.
		 IP Addresses - Contains a listing of all IP address information for compute nodes, storage nodes, and switches.

Naviga- tion bar option	Selection	Description
	VLAN Configura- tion	Global VLAN Settings - Contains the option to globally enable VLAN support for the CMM eth0 network interface. Configuring and applying configuration changes might make the CMM inaccessible, for example, if there is a mismatch with the network environment. To prevent the CMM from becoming inaccessible, a temporary or uncommitted configuration is provided as a backup. Configuration changes made to VLAN parameters will be temporary until the user accepts the changes. All uncommitted changes can be committed by clicking Commit. If temporary changes are not committed within the selected revert timeout, the last committed configuration will be restored. This allows the user to access the CMM if the temporary changes resulted in inaccessibility. The revert timeout can be configured for 1-255 minutes. The revert timer is started when a configuration update is saved. The last committed changes are restored when the revert timer expires, if the user did not commit the temporary configuration.
		 CMM VLAN Configuration - Contains the option to configure, add, remove, or restart a VLAN. A maximum of two VLAN entries can be configured on the CMM. The first VLAN entry is referred as the default entry. The default entry is always enabled and initially has the SOL feature assigned to it. It is always configured with the IPv4 and IPv6 configuration of the CMM external eth0 network interface.
		- Actions
		 Add New VLAN - This option is used to define the second VLAN entry, using a unique name and VLAN ID. In addition, the VLAN state can be enabled and disabled and VLAN tagging can also be managed. The VLAN may be configured with unique IPv4 and IPv6 network parameters and static routes can be associated with each protocol.
		 Actions - Select the second VLAN entry and the Actions menu is made available with options to delete or restart the VLAN.
		 Delete VLAN - This option is used to delete the second VLAN entry.
		Features Assignment - Assigns the available features to a VLAN, or removes the feature assignment.

CMM management options

You configure only the active CMM. If a standby CMM is installed, it receives the configuration and status information automatically from the active CMM.

When the Flex System Enterprise Chassis is started for the first time, the CMM automatically configures its remote management port, enabling you to establish a management connection. See "Configuring the CMM for remote access" in the Flex System Chassis Management Module Installation Guide for information.

The following illustration shows the CMM Management menu, which contains configuration options for the chassis and components in the chassis.

Mgt Module Management ▼	Search
User Accounts	Create and modify user accounts that will have access to the CMM
Firmware	View CMM firmware information and update firmware
Security	Configure cryptography and security protocols such as SSL and SSH
Network	Network settings such as SNMP and LDAP used by the CMM
Configuration	Backup current configuration and restore a configuration
Properties	Properties and settings such as Date and Time and Failover
License Key Management	Licenses for additional functionality
Restart	Restart the CMM. Typically only needed when experiencing problems
Reset to Defaults	Sets all current configuration settings back to default values
File Management	View or delete files in the CMM local storage file system.

Notes:

- Each CMM is configured with the same static IP address. You must create a unique static IP address for each CMM. If DHCP is not used, only one CMM at a time can be added onto the network for discovery. Adding more than one CMM to the network without a unique IP address assignment for each results in IP address conflicts.
- The Flex System Manager management software uses the CMM default user ID and password to access Power Systems compute nodes in a chassis. Before you update the firmware for one or more Power Systems compute nodes with the management software, make sure that the password for the CMM default user ID account will not expire before the update is complete. If the password expires during a code update, the Power Systems compute nodes might not reconnect to the management software, and each Power Systems compute node might have to be updated with the new password. See the User Accounts page (click Mqt Module Management > User Accounts) in the CMM web interface, or the users command in the CMM Command-Line Interface Reference Guide, for information about how to check a password expiration date and change the password, if necessary.

If the CMM that is being installed is a replacement for the only CMM in the Flex System Enterprise Chassis and you saved the configuration file before you replaced the CMM, you can apply the saved configuration file to the replacement CMM. A saved configuration is applied from the Mgt Module Management page. Click Configuration from the Mgt Module Management menu.

You can purchase activation keys to activate the Features on Demand features for your CMM and I/O modules, if your I/O modules support these features. Click License Key Management from the Mgt Module Management menu.

You can configure the CMM by using the CMM Initial Setup wizard. The setup wizard starts automatically when you access the web interface of a new CMM for the first time. It also starts automatically the first time that you access the web interface of a CMM that has been reset to its default settings. To access the setup wizard, click Mgt Module Management, click Configuration, and then click Initial Setup Wizard.

Note: You can also configure the CMM by using the optional Flex System Manager management software (see the Flex System Manager Software Installation and Service Guide).

Attention: Installing the wrong firmware update might cause the CMM to malfunction. Before you install a firmware update, read any readme and change history files that are provided with the downloaded update. These files contain important information about the update and the procedure for installing the update, including any special procedure for updating from an early firmware version to the latest version.

The following table describes the options that are available from the Mgt Module Management menu.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Mgt Module Management		You can access CMM management options from the Mgt Module Management menu.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
	User Accounts	The User Accounts page enables the user to define login accounts to access the CMM through the web interface. Note: CMM user accounts are also used to log in to the service processor interfaces of compute nodes.
		The following information and options are available from the User Accounts page:
		Accounts - Contains a table of defined users with information related to each user account, and some options for managing user accounts. The following options and account information are included:
		 User Name - Click the user name to open User Properties, which enables the user to change or configure existing user information. The following pages are available:
		 General - Change the password for the selected user account or update the simultaneous active session count.
		 Permission Group - Change the permission group that is associated with the selected user name.
		 SNMPv3 - Configure SNMPv3 information including context name, authentication protocol, privacy protocol, request access type, and trap destination IP address or host name.
		 SSH Client Public Key - Import and manage up to four SSH keys used for SSH public key authentication. This option allows secure CLI access, using SSH without the need for a user-supplied password.
		 Node Account Management - Configures central management of compute node user accounts by the CMM.
		 Permission Group - Associated permission group of the user account.
		 Number of active sessions - Number of active sessions for the user account.
		 Last Login - Last time and date the user account was authenticated.
		 Dormant - Indicates whether the user account is dormant, according to the current user account security policy of the chassis. When an X is present, the account is dormant. When the account is no longer dormant, the X is not be present. To recover an account from a dormant state, the user must log in to the dormant account. No changes can be made to the user account settings while the account is in a dormant state.
		 Days to Expiration - When password expiration is enabled, this value indicates the amount of days that the user account will remain active.
		State - Indicates the current state of the selected user account: active, disabled, or locked. User accounts are generally in an active state. An account becomes disabled if it has not been used for the period of time that is defined by the user account security policy, or if the account is manually disabled. A disabled account remains disabled until it is manually enabled. An account is locked when too many consecutive, unsuccessful login attempts are made to access the account. The account remains locked for the period of time determined by the user account security policy, after which it is unlocked automatically. The account can also be manually unlocked.
		(continued on the next page)

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Mgt Module	User Accounts	(continued)
Management		The following options are available to configure a new user on the Accounts page:
		 Create User - Define a new user, password and authorization profile. This is a multiple step option that enables the creation of a user name and password, and limits the maximum number of simultaneous login sessions for the user. You can associate the user name with one of the following authorization permission groups:
		 Supervisor - Enables read-write permission for all operations on all components in the chassis.
		 Operator - Enables read-only permission for all configuration and status information on all components in the chassis.
		 Custom - Enables a user-defined policy that can be set to allow read- only or read-write permission for selected components in the chassis. The custom permission groups are defined on the Permission Groups page.
		 Global Login Settings - Enables the user to apply some login settings to all users.
		 General - Contains overall login settings that are typically used on the chassis.
		 User Authentication Method - Policy that sets how the user is authenticated, through internal management module authentication, external LDAP server, or both.
		 Web inactivity session timeout - Specify the time that a web session will remain open while inactive. You can set it for all users or indicate that the value will be user-specified during login.
		 CLI inactivity session timeout - Specify the time in seconds that the CLI will remain connected during periods of inactivity.
		 Number of simultaneous active sessions for LDAP users - Numerical value of the simultaneous active sessions that the CMM will allow for each user who logs in using the LDAP authentication method. The minimum value is 1, and the maximum value is 20. A value of 0 means there is no limit of simultaneous active sessions for LDAP users.
		 Authentication event logging - Limits the number of login events for a user account for a specified period of time. This is to prevent excessive logging of authentication events.
		 Ignore client IP address when tracking user authentication events Specifies that a second login event by the same user, but from a different client will be suppressed when tracking user login events. When managing the chassis with the optional Flex System Manager management node, it ignores the setting and always suppresses login events from the same IP address.
		 Account Security Level - Security setting that applies to all user accounts that are defined on the CMM. The Legacy and High settings specify fixed values that manage the user accounts, with higher security requirements for the High setting. The Custom security setting allows the user to customize a policy for the user accounts.
		 Currently Logged In Users - List of the currently logged-in users, including user name, source IP address, and access protocol.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		Delete - Removes the selected user account.
		(continued on the next page)
Mgt Module Management	User Accounts	 (continued) Permission Groups - Enables user-defined custom permission groups, which are used for defining the authorization policy for user actions. The default supervisor group provides read-write access and the operator group provides read-only access for all components in the chassis. A custom permission group allows the user to define an authorization policy
		by specifying the read-write and read-only authority for select components in the chassis. The custom permission groups are generally defined before a user account is created, so that the custom permission group is available to be assigned to the new user account. You can assign a custom permission group to an existing user account by clicking the user name link in the table.
		 Create Group - Multiple-step option that enables the user to define a new custom permission group. The following options are available:
		 Group Name - Descriptive text that identifies the custom permission group.
		 Authority - Roles that the permission group will allow. For example, to allow a user to have read-only authority for IO modules and read- write authority for all compute nodes, the I/O module operator and all four Compute node xxx settings must be checked.
		 Access Scope - Restrict the defined authorities to a subset of components. For example, you can limit the I/O module operator authority to only slots 1 and 2 by selecting I/O Module 1 and I/O Module 2.
		 Delete - Removes the selected custom permission group. The default supervisor and operator groups cannot be removed.
		Group Profiles - Enables the configuration of local (in-chassis) authorization specifications for groups of users. Each group profile includes authorizations expressed as Authority Level (Roles) and Access scope, similar to the user account permission groups. These group profiles are used in conjunction with LDAP Active Directory servers and not used when the LDAP client is configured for both authentication and authorization. To use these group profiles for authorization and LDAP for authentication, you must properly configure the LDAP Method option in the LDAP Client section.
		 Add a Group - Multiple step option that enables the user to define a new group. The following options are available:
		 Group Name - Descriptive text that identifies the group.
		 Role - Specifies the authorizations that are granted for the group. The following authorizations are available:
		 Supervisor - Read-write permission for all operations on all components in the chassis.
		 Operator - Read-only permission to view all configuration and status information on all components in the chassis. No configuration fields may be altered.
		 Custom - User-defined policy that can be set to allow read-only or read-write permission for selected components in the chassis.
		 Authority - For a custom role, the user can select one or more operations that the group profile will allow or deny. For example, to

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		allow a user to have only read-only authority for IO modules but full read-write authority for compute nodes, the I/O module operator and all four Compute node xxx settings must be selected.
		 Access Scope - For a custom role, you can restrict the defined authorities to a subset of components by selecting only those components. For example, you can limit the I/O module operator authority can be limited to slots 1 and 2 by selecting I/O Module 1 and I/O Module 2.
		 Delete - Removes the selected group from the configuration.
Mgt Module Management	Firmware	The Firmware page has a table that contains information about the level of firmware on each CMM and an option to update the firmware. If there is a standby CMM, the location of the primary CMM is visible. When there is a standby CMM, the primary CMM receives the new level of firmware first. After the primary CMM has been updated, the firmware is then applied to the standby CMM from the primary CMM. For additional information about updating firmware for Flex System, see the <i>Firmware Update Best Practices Guide</i> at https://support.lenovo.com/solutions/HT116912 (an ID might be required to access this content). Attention:
		Installing the wrong firmware update might cause the CMM to malfunction.
		Before you update the firmware for Power Systems compute nodes using the optional Flex System Manager management software, make sure that the passwords for the Power Systems compute node accounts on the CMM will not expire before the update is complete. If the passwords expire during a code update, the compute nodes might not reconnect to the management software, and each Power Systems compute node might have to be updated with a new password.
		After you update the CMM firmware, the old version of the firmware will be the firmware backup after the CMM has been restarted.
		After updating the firmware, to ensure proper rendering of the web pages, it is recommended that you clear all browser-cached data.
	Security	The Security page contains options for setting the overall chassis security policy, including passwords, secure communication and certificate management. The following option tabs are available: • Security Policies -
		Notes: The CMM HTTP and HTTPS ports are open at all times. Port behavior is determined by the CMM HTTPS port setting, which can be affected by the CMM chassis security policy setting:
		 When the CMM HTTPS port is enabled, the HTTP port (port 80) remains open and redirects to the HTTPS port (port 443). When the chassis security policy is set to secure, the CMM HTTPS port is automatically enabled and its setting cannot be changed.
		 When the CMM HTTPS port is disabled, the HTTPS port (port 443) remains open and redirects to the HTTP port (port 80).
		Set the overall chassis security policy on the Security Policies tab. Use the vertical slider to adjust the security policy level to one of the following:
		 Legacy - Provides the least amount of security but the greatest level of flexibility for managing platform security. Some attributes of the policy are as follows:
		 Weak password policies are permitted.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		 Well-known passwords for network login are not required to be changed.
		 Unencrypted communication protocols may be enabled.
		 Secure - Default security setting and the most secure, this policy provides a moderate level of user control over the chassis. Some attributes of the policy are as follows:
		 Password policies are automatically checked and required to be strong.
		 Well-known passwords for network login are automatically required to be changed after initial setup.
		 Only secure communication protocols may be enabled.
		 Certificates for establishing secure and trusted connections to applications running on management processors are automatically generated and managed by the system.
		(continued on the next page)
Mgt Module	Security	(continued)
Management		Security Policies -
		Secure -When you use the Secure Chassis policy, this tab also provides feedback and detailed information regarding any problems encountered in enforcing the Secure policy. For example, the user might have unsecure Telnet enabled for CLI access when the users tries to set the chassis policy to Secure. In addition, if any of the components installed in the chassis are in violation of the overall chassis security policy, this tab provides details about the violations with suggested actions to remedy the problem.
		Cryptography - Displays the cryptography compatibility mode and settings for the CMM. The Cryptography tab provides the following options:
		 NIST mode settings
		 Compatibility - Default NIST mode setting with a Public/Private key length minimum of 1024 bits.
		 NIST SP 800-131A - Public/Private key length minimum is 2048 bits. Hashes used for digital signatures are restricted to SHA-256 or stronger, and the only symmetric encryption algorithms used are NIST-approved algorithms with 128-bit or longer key lengths.
		- TLS/SSL Settings
		 Legacy - Default TLS/SSL setting that can use SSL v3.0 through TLS v1.2.
		 TLS 1.2 Server Only - Restricts server SSL apps to TLS v1.2 ciphers.
		 TLS 1.2 Server and Client - Restricts client and server apps to TLS v1.2 ciphers.
		Note: The default cryptographic setting for NIST mode settings is Compatibility. The default for TLS/SSL Settings is Legacy. In order to achieve NIST Strict Compliance, the NIST mode setting must be set to NIST SP 800-131A and TLS/SSL setting must be set to TLS 1.2 Server and Client.
		Certificate Authority - The CMM acts as the certificate authority for all locally signed certificates that are generated. The Certificate Authority tab provides the following options:

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		Set the cipher strength value
		Generate a new certificate authority root certificate
		 Download a certificate in PEM or DER formats.
		HTTPS Server - Enable secure web support and manage associated certificates from this tab. The following options are available:
		 Generate a new key and a certificate signing request (CSR)
		Manage a signed certificate
		LDAP Client - Enable secure LDAP support and manage associated certificates from this tab. The following options are available:
		 Generate a new key and a certificate signing request (CSR)
		Manage a signed certificate
		Manage a trusted certificate
		SSH Server - Enable the SSH server for the secure CLI user interface, and generate private host keys from this tab.
Mgt Module Management	Network	The Network page contains settings to configure how the CMM communicates through the Ethernet, using different network protocols. The following tabs are available from the Network page:
		Ethernet - Contains options to configure a wide range of network information related to the management module network interface. Changes to some IP configuration fields are not activated until Activate IP Changes is clicked. This button appears when updates are made that are different from the current values for the eth0 interface. The following information is included in this section:
		Host name and domain name
		 IPv4 - Contains addressing information and IP address assignment preference (DHCP, Static, or DHCP then Static).
		 IPv6 - Contains addressing information, including static, stateless address configuration and DHCPv6 stateful.
		 Advanced Ethernet - Contains the following Ethernet properties and options:
		 Duplex setting, MTU, and data rate
		 MAC address specification
		 Failover policy settings for physical and logical link loss
		 Logical link check addresses and policy
		SNMP - Options for configuring the SNMP user interface support. The following options are available:
		 Enable SNMPv1 agent - Enables definition of three SNMPv1 community names. The Community tab is visible after the option is selected. Create communities by entering a community name, access type, and up to three SNMP manager addresses, which can be a host name or an IPv4 or IPv6 address. The host name and addresses are also used as the destination for SNMP traps. A value of 0.0.0.0 or 0::0 can be specified to indicate ANY manager; however, those two special addresses cannot be used as trap destinations.
		 Enable SNMPv3 agent - This option is enabled on the SNMP tab; however, SNMPv3 is user-based and is configured on the User Accounts page. After a user is defined, click the name link and complete the configuration on the SNMPv3 tab.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
-,	Colconoli	Contact - Define a contact and specify system location information.
		- Traps - Enable the sending of SNMP traps.
		DNS - Enable DNS to include additional DNS server addresses in the search order for host-name-to-IP address resolution. DNS lookup is always enabled, and other DNS addresses may be automatically assigned by the DHCP server when DHCP is in use. Additional DNS servers are added to the top of the search list, so the host name search is done on these servers before it happens on a DNS server that is automatically assigned by a DHCP sever.
		SMTP - Configure a SMTP server and domain name. This protocol is used to forward service data and events to an email recipient.
		LDAP Client - The CMM contains an LDAP client that can be configured to provide user authentication through one or more LDAP servers. The LDAP servers that are used for authentication can be discovered dynamically or manually searched. The CMM supports three remote authentication models, which use the LDAP servers to authenticate users. You can select the option to be used from the list. The following models are supported:
		 Active Directory Authentication Only - Applies to an Active Directory (AD) environment only. Only the AD servers are used to authenticate users. No authorization information is stored on the AD server for any user. This means that the CMM must be configured with user authorization information.
		(continued on the next page)
Mgt Module	Network	(continued)
Management		LDAP Client
		 Active Directory Role Based Authentication and Authorization - Applies to an AD environment only. This option relies on configuration stored on the AD server to associate permissions with some users, and is used to authenticate and authorize users through some AD servers. Enable this option by completing the following from the LDAP Client tab:
		 Select the Use LDAP Servers for Authentication and Authorization option.
		 Select the Use Pre-configured servers or Use DNS to find LDAP Servers option.
		Check the Enable enhanced role-based security checkbox.
		 Legacy Authentication and Authorization - Supports AD, Novell eDirectory, and OpenLDAP environments. This option relies on configuration stored on the LDAP server to associate permissions with some users. Use this option to authenticate and authorize users through some LDAP servers. To enable this option, complete the following steps:
		 Select Use LDAP Servers for Authentication and Authorization.
		Clear the Enable enhanced role-based security check box to disable the option.
		 TCP Command Mode - Enables TCP command mode protocol for an external application to manage the CMM using the Flex System Manager software. The configuration enables non-secure and secure modes of operation and allows the user to specify a maximum number of connections and an inactivity timeout value.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		 SLP - Enables the Service Location Protocol (SLP), which the CMM uses to discover other CMMs in the network. This must be enabled to use the Multi-Chassis Monitor page.
		 FTP, TFTP, and SFTP - Enables one or more of the three file transfer protocols supported by the CMM, with FTP and TFTP being the least secure options. The SFTP option provides secure file transfer capability.
		Telnet - Enables the Telnet protocol, which is the least secure transport used for the CMM command line interface (CLI). To enable secure CLI transport over SSH, configure the SSH server on the Security page in Mgt Module Management.
		Web Access (HTTP / HTTPS) - Enables web access to the management module. To support HTTP secure web access, the option to enable the HTTP server must be enabled on the Security page in Mgt Module Management .
		Port Assignments - Contains all open TCP and UDP protocol ports. This option allows you to assign non-standard port numbers with various protocols on the CMM.
		CIM - Enable CIM (Common Information Model) protocol support on the CMM.
	Configuration	The Configuration page provides a means of backing up the management module configuration settings to a file and the ability to restore these settings from a file. For example, to configure a set of chassis, a single machine may be configured, that configuration saved in a file, which can then be transferred to the other chassis and restored. Optional encryption of sensitive configuration data can also be specified. "Use legacy backup file" option should only be selected for backup files that were created with IBM CMM build older than 2PET12K Some restore operations may cause a temporary loss of web connectivity. Under these circumstances, the final confirmation popup and restore log may not be available. If web connectivity is lost, clear the browser cache (Ctrl+F5) and restart your session. For example, SSL certificates are dependent upon IPv6 addressing. If you change the IPv6 configuration, then the certificate becomes obsolete and a new one has to be generated. As a result, the user will lose browser connectivity.
		This page also is the launching point for the initial setup wizard, which provides a guided sequence of steps to configure many common functions on a newly deployed chassis, including:
		Checking initial hardware status and inventory
		Importing an existing configuration file
		General identification settings, such as chassis and management module labels and location information
		Date and time setup
		Management module IP configuration
		User ID and password updates
		IO module characteristics
		Chassis security policy level
		Domain name services The allowed above the making the projection.
		• Event recipient configuration - The allowed characters for the recipient portion of the email are !#\$%&'*+-/=?^_`{} ~ but quoted string forms are not allowed. For example, !#\$%&'*+-/=?^_`{} ~@example.org is supported.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Mgt Module Management	Properties	The Properties section contains options to configure the primary and standby CMM. The following tabs are available:
		General - Enter a unique CMM name and set the serial port attributes.
		Date and Time - Set the time manually or with an NTP server. For manual operation, the date and time value is explicitly set and maintained by the system management software. For the NTP server mode, the user specifies the NTP server IP address, update frequency, and whether authentication is required. No matter which mode is chosen, the timezone setting can also be configured. This setting displays international time zones ordered by major region/minor region. Some have comments to assist in making the selection.
		Note: If you choose to set the date and time from an NTP server, the CMMNTP v3 Authentication key index and NTP v3 Authentication key must match the key ID and password values set on the NTP server. For example, if you are using an external Linux-based NTP server with a key ID of 1234 and a password of my_password, you would typically add 1234 M my_password to /etc/ntp.keys. In addition, you should also add trustedkey 1234 to /etc/ntp.conf. If you are using the Flex System Manager management node as the NTP server, make sure that you use the key ID and password that you specified for the Flex System Manager management node. See the documentation for your NTP server for information about setting a key ID and password.
		Advanced Failover - When a standby CMM is installed, the Advanced Failover tab enables the user to configure the behavior and network properties of the standby CMM. The following options are available:
		Use Advanced Failover - Enable or disable the use of CMM failover.
		 IP Address Policy - When a failover situation occurs, the following options are available for the handling of IP addresses:
		 Do not swap Management Module IP addresses - In a failover situation, you must login to the CMM, using the IP address that you have specified for the standby CMM.
		 Swap Management Module IP addresses - In a failover situation, the IP address that you use for the CMM remains the same. The IP address of the failed CMM is transferred to the standby CMM, and back from the standby to the primary CMM.
		 Host Name - Host name defined for the standby CMM interface.
		 Domain Name - Domain name defined for the standby CMM interface.
		 IPv4 Config - IPv4 configuration for the standby CMM interface. If DHCP is enabled for the primary CMM interface, it will also be defined for the standby. If DHCP is disabled, the user can define the static IP address, mask, and gateway.
		 IPv6 Config - IPv6 configuration of the standby CMM. If IPv6 static address support is enabled on the primary CMM, the user can define the standby CMM IPv6 static IP address.
Mgt Module Management	License Key Management	The License Key Management page provides status information related to I/O module and chassis licensed features that are installed on chassis switches. The following option tabs are available:
		IOM License Keys Management - Status information related to I/O module licensed features that are installed on chassis switches. Each key generally provides the following information:
		Cert - Identifying number of a key in the table

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
		Index - Identifying number of a particular key on an I/O module
		Bay - Bay number of the I/O module
		Valid Through - Expiration date of the key
		Description - Text description of the key
		License ID - Unique identifier for the key
		Other Info - Other relevant text about the key
		Status - Status of the key
		Chassis License Keys Management - Status information related to chassis licensed features that are installed on the chassis. Each key generally provides the following information:
		 Index - Identifying number of a particular key on the chassis
		 Feature - Text name of the key
		 Feature Type - Numeric identifier of the key
		Description - Text description of the key
		 System - Text description of the related system of the key
		 License ID - Unique identifier of the key
		 Validation - Validation scheme used by the key
		Status - Status of the key
		 Constraint - List of any constraints imposed on a key. If there are none, a (-) minus sign is displayed in the cell.
	Restart	This option enables the user to restart the primary and standby CMM from the web interface. The following selections are available:
		Normal Restart - This option does not change the current configuration, but all existing network connections are temporarily lost. If the local system is being restarted, you must open a new browser window and log in to the web interface again.
		Restart and Switch to Standby Management Module - This option restarts the primary CMM, then switches over to the standby CMM. All existing network connections are temporarily lost. You must open a new browser and log in again to get back to the web interface.
		Restart Standby Only - Restarts the standby CMM.
	Reset to Defaults	This option enables the user to set the CMM configuration to its defaults. This operation might cause network connections to the CMM to be lost. After the configuration has been initialized, the CMM is automatically reset to activate the default configuration. The user can optionally choose to keep the event log and not clear the log information. Note: Resetting the CMM to the default settings can be used to disable centralized user management and return chassis management capability to the CMM.

Navigation bar option	Selection	Description
Mgt Module Management	File Management	The File Management page contains options to view and delete files in the CMM local storage file system and to monitor space usage. The File Management section allows the user to view and delete files in the CMM local storage file system and to monitor CMM space usage. The following options are available:
		Click the directory name to view that directory level.
		Go Up One Level - Returns to the previous directory.
		Delete Selected - Removes files that have been selected. Supervisor or Chassis Administrator access is required to delete a file.
		The total, used, and available space are shown at the top of page.
		Note: Directories can not be deleted.

Appendix A. Getting help and technical assistance

If you need help, service, or technical assistance or just want more information about Lenovo products, you will find a wide variety of sources available from Lenovo to assist you.

Use this information to obtain additional information about Lenovo and Lenovo products, and determine what to do if you experience a problem with your Lenovo system or optional device.

Note: This section includes references to IBM web sites and information about obtaining service. IBM is Lenovo's preferred service provider for the System x, Flex System, and NeXtScale System products.

Before you call

Before you call, make sure that you have taken these steps to try to solve the problem yourself.

If you believe that you require warranty service for your Lenovo product, the service technicians will be able to assist you more efficiently if you prepare before you call.

- Check all cables to make sure that they are connected.
- Check the power switches to make sure that the system and any optional devices are turned on.
- Check for updated software, firmware, and operating-system device drivers for your Lenovo product. The
 Lenovo Warranty terms and conditions state that you, the owner of the Lenovo product, are responsible
 for maintaining and updating all software and firmware for the product (unless it is covered by an
 additional maintenance contract). Your service technician will request that you upgrade your software and
 firmware if the problem has a documented solution within a software upgrade.
- If you have installed new hardware or software in your environment, check http://static.lenovo.com/us/en/serverproven/index.shtml to make sure that the hardware and software is supported by your product.
- Go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com to check for information to help you solve the problem.
- Gather the following information to provide to the service technician. This data will help the service technician quickly provide a solution to your problem and ensure that you receive the level of service for which you might have contracted.
 - Hardware and Software Maintenance agreement contract numbers, if applicable
 - Machine type number (Lenovo 4-digit machine identifier)
 - Model number
 - Serial number
 - Current system UEFI and firmware levels
 - Other pertinent information such as error messages and logs
- Go to http://www.ibm.com/support/entry/portal/Open_service_request to submit an Electronic Service Request. Submitting an Electronic Service Request will start the process of determining a solution to your problem by making the pertinent information available to the service technicians. The IBM service technicians can start working on your solution as soon as you have completed and submitted an Electronic Service Request.

You can solve many problems without outside assistance by following the troubleshooting procedures that Lenovo provides in the online help or in the Lenovo product documentation. The Lenovo product documentation also describes the diagnostic tests that you can perform. The documentation for most systems, operating systems, and programs contains troubleshooting procedures and explanations of error messages and error codes. If you suspect a software problem, see the documentation for the operating system or program.

Using the documentation

Information about your Lenovo system and preinstalled software, if any, or optional device is available in the product documentation. That documentation can include printed documents, online documents, readme files, and help files.

See the troubleshooting information in your system documentation for instructions for using the diagnostic programs. The troubleshooting information or the diagnostic programs might tell you that you need additional or updated device drivers or other software. Lenovo maintains pages on the World Wide Web where you can get the latest technical information and download device drivers and updates. To access these pages, go to http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com.

Getting help and information from the World Wide Web

Up-to-date information about Lenovo products and support is available on the World Wide Web.

On the World Wide Web, up-to-date information about Lenovo systems, optional devices, services, and support is available at http://datacentersupport.lenovo.com. The most current version of the product documentation is available in the following product-specific Information Centers:

Flex System products:

http://flexsystem.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

System x products:

http://systemx.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

NeXtScale System products:

http://nextscale.lenovofiles.com/help/index.jsp

How to send DSA data

You can use the Enhanced Customer Data Repository to send diagnostic data to IBM.

Before you send diagnostic data to IBM, read the terms of use at http://www.ibm.com/de/support/ecurep/ terms.html.

You can use any of the following methods to send diagnostic data:

Standard upload:

http://www.ibm.com/de/support/ecurep/send http.html

Standard upload with the system serial number:

http://www.ecurep.ibm.com/app/upload hw

Secure upload:

http://www.ibm.com/de/support/ecurep/send_http.html#secure

· Secure upload with the system serial number:

https://www.ecurep.ibm.com/app/upload hw

Creating a personalized support web page

You can create a personalized support web page by identifying Lenovo products that are of interest to you.

To create a personalized support web page, go to https://support.lenovo.com. From this personalized page, you can subscribe to weekly email notifications about new technical documents, search for information and downloads, and access various administrative services.

Software service and support

Through IBM Support Line, you can get telephone assistance, for a fee, with usage, configuration, and software problems with your Lenovo products.

For more information about Support Line and other IBM services, see http://www.ibm.com/services or see http://www.ibm.com/services or see http://www.ibm.com/services or see http://www.ibm.com/services or see http://www.ibm.com/services or see http://www.ibm.com/planetwide for support telephone numbers. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

Hardware service and support

IBM is Lenovo's preferred service provider for the System x, Flex System and NeXtScale System products.

You can receive hardware service through your Lenovo reseller or from IBM. To locate a reseller authorized by Lenovo to provide warranty service, go to http://www.ibm.com/partnerworld and click **Business Partner Locator**. For IBM support telephone numbers, see http://www.ibm.com/planetwide. In the U.S. and Canada, call 1-800-IBM-SERV (1-800-426-7378).

In the U.S. and Canada, hardware service and support is available 24 hours a day, 7 days a week. In the U. K., these services are available Monday through Friday, from 9 a.m. to 6 p.m.

Taiwan product service

Use this information to contact IBM Taiwan product service.

台灣 IBM 產品服務聯絡方式:

台灣國際商業機器股份有限公司

台北市松仁路7號3樓

電話:0800-016-888

IBM Taiwan product service contact information:

IBM Taiwan Corporation 3F, No 7, Song Ren Rd.

Taipei, Taiwan

Telephone: 0800-016-888

Appendix B. Notices

Lenovo may not offer the products, services, or features discussed in this document in all countries. Consult your local Lenovo representative for information on the products and services currently available in your area.

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Lenovo (United States), Inc. 1009 Think Place - Building One Morrisville, NC 27560 U.S.A.

Attention: Lenovo Director of Licensing

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Any references in this publication to non-Lenovo Web sites are provided for convenience only and do not in any manner serve as an endorsement of those Web sites. The materials at those Web sites are not part of the materials for this Lenovo product, and use of those Web sites is at your own risk.

Any performance data contained herein was determined in a controlled environment. Therefore, the result obtained in other operating environments may vary significantly. Some measurements may have been made on development-level systems and there is no guarantee that these measurements will be the same on generally available systems. Furthermore, some measurements may have been estimated through extrapolation. Actual results may vary. Users of this document should verify the applicable data for their specific environment.

Trademarks

Lenovo, the Lenovo logo, Flex System, System x, NeXtScale System, and x Architecture are trademarks of Lenovo in the United States, other countries, or both.

Intel and Intel Xeon are trademarks of Intel Corporation in the United States, other countries, or both.

Internet Explorer, Microsoft, and Windows are trademarks of the Microsoft group of companies.

Linux is a registered trademark of Linus Torvalds.

Other company, product, or service names may be trademarks or service marks of others.

Important notes

Processor speed indicates the internal clock speed of the microprocessor; other factors also affect application performance.

CD or DVD drive speed is the variable read rate. Actual speeds vary and are often less than the possible maximum.

When referring to processor storage, real and virtual storage, or channel volume, KB stands for 1 024 bytes, MB stands for 1 048 576 bytes, and GB stands for 1 073 741 824 bytes.

When referring to hard disk drive capacity or communications volume, MB stands for 1 000 000 bytes, and GB stands for 1 000 000 000 bytes. Total user-accessible capacity can vary depending on operating environments.

Maximum internal hard disk drive capacities assume the replacement of any standard hard disk drives and population of all hard-disk-drive bays with the largest currently supported drives that are available from Lenovo.

Maximum memory might require replacement of the standard memory with an optional memory module.

Each solid-state memory cell has an intrinsic, finite number of write cycles that the cell can incur. Therefore, a solid-state device has a maximum number of write cycles that it can be subjected to, expressed as total bytes written (TBW). A device that has exceeded this limit might fail to respond to system-generated commands or might be incapable of being written to. Lenovo is not responsible for replacement of a device that has exceeded its maximum guaranteed number of program/erase cycles, as documented in the Official Published Specifications for the device.

Lenovo makes no representations or warranties with respect to non-Lenovo products. Support (if any) for the non-Lenovo products is provided by the third party, not Lenovo.

Some software might differ from its retail version (if available) and might not include user manuals or all program functionality.

Recycling information

Lenovo encourages owners of information technology (IT) equipment to responsibly recycle their equipment when it is no longer needed. Lenovo offers a variety of programs and services to assist equipment owners in recycling their IT products. For information on recycling Lenovo products, go to:

http://www.lenovo.com/recycling

Particulate contamination

Attention: Airborne particulates (including metal flakes or particles) and reactive gases acting alone or in combination with other environmental factors such as humidity or temperature might pose a risk to the device that is described in this document.

Risks that are posed by the presence of excessive particulate levels or concentrations of harmful gases include damage that might cause the device to malfunction or cease functioning altogether. This specification sets forth limits for particulates and gases that are intended to avoid such damage. The limits must not be viewed or used as definitive limits, because numerous other factors, such as temperature or moisture content of the air, can influence the impact of particulates or environmental corrosives and gaseous contaminant transfer. In the absence of specific limits that are set forth in this document, you must implement practices that maintain particulate and gas levels that are consistent with the protection of human health and safety. If Lenovo determines that the levels of particulates or gases in your environment have caused damage to the device, Lenovo may condition provision of repair or replacement of devices or parts on implementation of appropriate remedial measures to mitigate such environmental contamination. Implementation of such remedial measures is a customer responsibility.

Table 1. Limits for particulates and gases

Contaminant	Limits
Particulate	• The room air must be continuously filtered with 40% atmospheric dust spot efficiency (MERV 9) according to ASHRAE Standard 52.2 ¹ .
	 Air that enters a data center must be filtered to 99.97% efficiency or greater, using high- efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters that meet MIL-STD-282.
	• The deliquescent relative humidity of the particulate contamination must be more than 60% ² .
	The room must be free of conductive contamination such as zinc whiskers.
Gaseous	 Copper: Class G1 as per ANSI/ISA 71.04-1985³ Silver: Corrosion rate of less than 300 in 30 days

¹ ASHRAE 52.2-2008 - *Method of Testing General Ventilation Air-Cleaning Devices for Removal Efficiency by Particle Size*. Atlanta: American Society of Heating, Refrigerating and Air-Conditioning Engineers, Inc.

Telecommunication regulatory statement

This product may not be certified in your country for connection by any means whatsoever to interfaces of public telecommunications networks. Further certification may be required by law prior to making any such connection. Contact a Lenovo representative or reseller for any questions.

Electronic emission notices

When you attach a monitor to the equipment, you must use the designated monitor cable and any interference suppression devices that are supplied with the monitor.

² The deliquescent relative humidity of particulate contamination is the relative humidity at which the dust absorbs enough water to become wet and promote ionic conduction.

³ ANSI/ISA-71.04-1985. *Environmental conditions for process measurement and control systems: Airborne contaminants*. Instrument Society of America, Research Triangle Park, North Carolina, U.S.A.

Federal Communications Commission (FCC) statement

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class A digital device. pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference when the equipment is operated in a commercial environment. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instruction manual, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. Operation of this equipment in a residential area is likely to cause harmful interference, in which case the user will be required to correct the interference at his own expense.

Properly shielded and grounded cables and connectors must be used in order to meet FCC emission limits. Lenovo is not responsible for any radio or television interference caused by using other than recommended cables and connectors or by unauthorized changes or modifications to this equipment. Unauthorized changes or modifications could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that might cause undesired operation.

Industry Canada Class A emission compliance statement

This Class A digital apparatus complies with Canadian ICES-003.

Avis de conformité à la réglementation d'Industrie Canada

Cet appareil numérique de la classe A est conforme à la norme NMB-003 du Canada.

Australia and New Zealand Class A statement

Attention: This is a Class A product. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

European Union EMC Directive conformance statement

This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of EU Council Directive 2004/108/EC on the approximation of the laws of the Member States relating to electromagnetic compatibility. Lenovo cannot accept responsibility for any failure to satisfy the protection requirements resulting from a non-recommended modification of the product, including the installation of option cards from other manufacturers.

This product has been tested and found to comply with the limits for Class A Information Technology Equipment according to European Standard EN 55022. The limits for Class A equipment were derived for commercial and industrial environments to provide reasonable protection against interference with licensed communication equipment.

Lenovo, Einsteinova 21, 851 01 Bratislava, Slovakia

Germany Class A statement

Deutschsprachiger EU Hinweis: Hinweis fr Geräte der Klasse A EU-Richtlinie zur Elektromagnetischen Verträglichkeit

Deutschsprachiger EU Hinweis:Hinweis fr Geräte der Klasse A EU-Richtlinie zur Elektromagnetischen Verträglichkeit

Dieses Produkt entspricht den Schutzanforderungen der EU-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG (frher 89/336/EWG) zur Angleichung der Rechtsvorschriften ber die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit in den EU-Mitgliedsstaaten und hält die Grenzwerte der EN 55022 Klasse A ein.

Um dieses sicherzustellen, sind die Geräte wie in den Handbchern beschrieben zu installieren und zu betreiben. Des Weiteren drfen auch nur von der Lenovo empfohlene Kabel angeschlossen werden. Lenovo bernimmt keine Verantwortung fr die Einhaltung der Schutzanforderungen, wenn das Produkt ohne Zustimmung der Lenovo verändert bzw. wenn Erweiterungskomponenten von Fremdherstellern ohne Empfehlung der Lenovo gesteckt/eingebaut werden.

Deutschland:

Einhaltung des Gesetzes ber die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Betriebsmittein

Dieses Produkt entspricht dem Gesetz ber die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Betriebsmitteln EMVG (frher Gesetz ber die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten). Dies ist die Umsetzung der EU-Richtlinie 2004/108/EG (frher 89/336/EWG) in der Bundesrepublik Deutschland.

Zulassungsbescheinigung laut dem Deutschen Gesetz ber die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Betriebsmitteln, EMVG vom 20. Juli 2007 (frher Gesetz ber die elektromagnetische Verträglichkeit von Geräten), bzw. der EMV EG Richtlinie 2004/108/EC (frher 89/336/EWG), fr Geräte der Klasse A.

Dieses Gerät ist berechtigt, in bereinstimmung mit dem Deutschen EMVG das EG-Konformitätszeichen - CE - zu fhren. Verantwortlich fr die Konformitätserklärung nach Paragraf 5 des EMVG ist die Lenovo (Deutschland) GmbH, Gropiusplatz 10, D-70563 Stuttgart.

Informationen in Hinsicht EMVG Paragraf 4 Abs. (1) 4:

Das Gerät erfllt die Schutzanforderungen nach EN 55024 und EN 55022 Klasse A.

Nach der EN 55022: Dies ist eine Einrichtung der Klasse A. Diese Einrichtung kann im Wohnbereich Funkstrungen verursachen; in diesem Fall kann vom Betreiber verlangt werden, angemessene Manahmen durchzufhren und dafr aufzukommen.

Nach dem EMVG: Geräte drfen an Orten, fr die sie nicht ausreichend entstrt sind, nur mit besonderer Genehmigung des Bundesministers fr Post und Telekommunikation oder des Bundesamtes fr Post und Telekommunikation betrieben werden. Die Genehmigung wird erteilt, wenn keine elektromagnetischen Strungen zu erwarten sind. (Auszug aus dem EMVG, Paragraph 3, Abs. 4). Dieses Genehmigungsverfahren ist nach Paragraph 9 EMVG in Verbindung mit der entsprechenden Kostenverordnung (Amtsblatt 14/93) kostenpflichtig.

Anmerkung: Um die Einhaltung des EMVG sicherzustellen sind die Geräte, wie in den Handbchern angegeben, zu installieren und zu betreiben.

Japan VCCI Class A statement

この装置は、クラス A 情報技術装置です。この装置を家庭環境で使用する と電波妨害を引き起こすことがあります。この場合には使用者が適切な対策 を講ずるよう要求されることがあります。 VCCI-A

This is a Class A product based on the standard of the Voluntary Control Council for Interference (VCCI). If this equipment is used in a domestic environment, radio interference may occur, in which case the user may be required to take corrective actions.

Korea Communications Commission (KCC) statement

이 기기는 업무용(A급)으로 전자파적합기기로 서 판매자 또는 사용자는 이 점을 주의하시기 바라며, 가정외의 지역에서 사용하는 것을 목 적으로 합니다.

This is electromagnetic wave compatibility equipment for business (Type A). Sellers and users need to pay attention to it. This is for any areas other than home.

Russia Electromagnetic Interference (EMI) Class A statement

ВНИМАНИЕ! Настоящее изделие относится к классу А. В жилых помещениях оно может создавать радиопомехи, для снижения которых необходимы дополнительные меры

People's Republic of China Class A electronic emission statement

中华人民共和国"A类"警告声明

声明

此为A级产品,在生活环境中,该产品可能会造成无线电干扰。在这种情况下。 可能需要用户对其干扰采取切实可行的措施。

Taiwan Class A compliance statement

警告使用者:

這是甲類的資訊產品,在 居住的環境中使用時,可 能會造成射頻干擾,在這 種情況下,使用者會被要 求採取某些適當的對策。

Index

A	chassis global settings 54
	chassis graphical view 38
accessibility features for the CMM 2 active events 38	chassis identification 54
air filter 54	chassis LED 54 chassis LEDs 54, 57
air flow 54	chassis management 51
airflow 54	chassis management menu 51
assistance, getting 83 Attention notice, meaning 2	chassis management module web interface
Australia Class A statement 90	starting 35 chassis name 38
authentication (mutual) of CSR import	chassis power consumption history 41
using web interface 18 authentication (non-mutual) of LDAP certificate import	chassis power information 41
using web interface 18	chassis properties 55–57, 59 chassis SOL status 41
authentication of CA	chassis table view 38
using CLI 16 using web interface 16	China Class A electronic emission statement 92
using web interface 16 authentication of certificate	Class A electronic emission notice 90
using CLI 16	CLI CA authentication 16
using web interface 16	certificate authentication 16
authentication of CSR using CLI 16	CSR authentication 16
using web interface 16	CMM active events 38
auto power on mode 59	air filter 21
	authority, use 25
_	authority, user 35
В	backup configuration 30 backup firmware status 49
backup CMM configuration 30	bist 49
backup firmware status 49	boot sequence 41
bay data 55	booting from standby 33
bist 49 boot mode 57	built in self test 49 built-in self test 49
boot mode 37 boot sequence 41, 57	chassis environmental information 41
booting from standby 33	chassis graphical view 38
built in self test 49	chassis management 51 chassis management menu 51
built-in self test 49	chassis management menu 51 chassis management module web interface 38
	chassis power consumption history 41
C	chassis power information 41
•	chassis SOL status 41 chassis table view 38
CA authentication	component power allocation 41
using CLI 16 using web interface 16	configure 5, 20
CA import (mutual authentication)	configure components 20 configure storage node 21
using web interface 18	connectivity list 49
CA import (non-mutual authentication)	control enclosure 21
using web interface 18 Canada Class A electronic emission statement 90	cryptography 76
Caution notice, meaning 2	cryptography options 76 cryptography setting 76
centralized user account management	default setting 15
disable 80 centralized user management 25	download service data 45, 49
certificate authentication	email event recipients 44 email events 44
using CLI 16	email recipients 44
using web interface 16 certificate import (mutual authentication)	enable floating ip address 33
using web interface 18	enable service and support 48
certificate import (non-mutual authentication)	enable support 48 enclosure 21
using web interface 18	environmental information 41
change chassis name 38 chassis airflow 54	event id 44
chassis bay data 55	event log 43 event log information 43
chassis boot sequence 57	event recipient 28
chassis environment information 56 chassis environmental information 41	event recipients 43-44
chassis events 55, 59	event sequence number 44
chassis firmware 56	event severity 44, 48 event source 44
	375/IL 000/00 TT

filler 21 totading ip address 33 general 40 general 45	events 28, 40, 43	user interface introduction 1
general 40 graphical interface 38 graphical user interface 38 graphical view. Chassis table 38 wew. Chassis ta		user interface, graphical 38
graphical interface 38 graphical witherface 38 graphical view 45, 40 – 41 graphical view 45, 49 hard restart 45, 49 hard restart 45, 49 hard restart 45, 49 hard restart 45, 49 graphical view 38, 40 status, system 38 sinterface, graphical user 38 mineface, graphical view, graphical 38 virtual reseat 45, 49 wuser authority required 35 web user authority required 35 web user authority required 35 web user authority view graphical view, graphical view graphical view, graphical view, graphical view, graphical view graphical view, graphical view graphical view graphical view graphical view graph		
graphical user interface 38 graphical view, graphical 38 virtual reseat 45, 49 virtual r		
graphical view 138, 40–41 graphical view, chassis 38 GUI 38 hotar restart 45, 49 health 38 health 45, 49 health 45		
inaplical view, chassis 38 GUI 38 hard restart 45, 49 hard restart 45, 49 health 49 ignored service problems 48 information, system 38 inferface, graphical user 38 in address 33 managing multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 NST orgiliance 76 node 21 power allocation 41 problem ticket number 48 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 restore configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup conting with the service level reset 45 service sevent several	9 •	
interface pages health 49 health 49 information, system 38 interface, graphical user 38 interface graphical user analogement described user user user user user and user account management of stable 80 component events 45 service configuration 31 restore backup 31 restore configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
hard restant 45, 49 health 49 ignored service problems 48 inferface, graphical user 38 interface, graphical user 38 interface, graphical user 38 interface, graphical user 38 interface, graphical user 38 managing multiple chassis 42 managing multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis monitor 42 networked chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 44 multiple chassis 44 NIST 76 NIST compliance 76 NIST complianc		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ignored service problems 48 interface, graphical 38 interface, graphical user 38 interface, graphical user 38 ip address 33 managing multiple chassis 42 manufacturing defaults 15 monitor events 28 minoritor events 29 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 44 multiple		
information, system 38 interface, graphical user 38 jointerface, graphical user 38 jointerface 38 jointerface 39 jointerface 38 jointerface 39 jointerface 39 jointerface 39 jointerface 38 jointerface 39 jointerface		
interface, graphical 38 interface, graphical user 38 ip address 33 in address 34 in ad	ignored service problems 48	CMM boot sequence 57
interface, graphical user 38 in address 33 managing multiple chassis 42 manufacturing defaults 15 monitor events 28 monitor events 28 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 44 multiple cha		
ip address 33 manufacturing defaults 15 manufacturing defaults 15 monitor events 28 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis worked chassis 42 multiple chassis worked chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 43 multiple chassis 44 multiple chassis 44 multiple chassis 44 multiple chassis 45 multiple cha		ŭ ŭ
managing multiple chassis 42 monitor events 28 monitor events 28 monitor events 28 multiple chassis 42 NIST or pollare 76 node 21 NIST compliance 76 node 21 nower allocation 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 43 redundancy failure 33 reset 33, 45, 49 redundancy failure 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 31 reset to backup 31 reset to backup 31 reset to shackup 31 reset to shackup 31 reset to shackup 31 reset to shackup 31 reset of shackup 31 restore backup 31 resto		•
manufacturing defaults 15 monitor events 28 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis monitor 42 networked chassis 42 NIST 76 NIST compliance 76 NIST c	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
monitor events 28 multiple chassis 42 visit of the chassis 43 visit of the chassis 43 visit of the chassis 44 visit of the cha		·
multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis monitor 42 networked chassis 47 NIST compliance 76 N	<u> </u>	
multiple chassis monitor 42 networked chassis 42 NIST 76 NIST compliance 76 node 21 power allocation 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 43 reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 15 restore backup 31 restore delatin 15 restore backup 31 restore delatin 15 restore backup 31 restore configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 service 45 service data file 49 service data file 49 service data file 49 service level reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service level reset 45 serviceable events 44 service level reset 45 serviceable events 44 service level reset 45 serviceable events 44 somp event recipients 44 snmp event 40 s		
networked chassis 42 NIST 76 NIST compliance 76 node 21 power allocation 41 problem ticket number 48 redundancy failure 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 restore backup onfiguration 31 restore backup configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving backup to saving backup to saving backup to saving backup and the savince data 45, 49 service events 44 service level reset 45 service ata flie 49 service events 44 service level reset 45 serviceable events 44 service level reset 45 serviceable problems 48 smmp event 44 smmp recipients 44 support 48 support 48 enable support 48 environmental information 56 environmental information 41 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement 90 standing web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 48 event sequence number 44 event seque	and the second of the second o	
NIST compliance 76 node 21 power allocation 41 problem dicket number 41 problem ticket number 48 redundancy failure 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 34 says possible to default 15 restore backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuratio		•
power allocation 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 41 power consumption 41 problem ticket number 48 redundant 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 15 restore backup configuration 31 restore backup ponfiguration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving contact 48 service and support settings 48 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service events 44 serviceable problems 48 smmp event recipients 44 smp event events 44 smp event recipients 44 special problems 48 status, system 38, 40 support 48 systog event recipients 44 systog recipients 44 systog recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tts 76 tts setting 76 t	NIST 76	
power allocation 41 problem ticket number 48 redundant 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset of default 15 restore backup 31 restore backup onfiguration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service data 16 45, 49 service data 16 48 service data 45, 49 service data 16 48 service data 45, 49 service data 16 49 service evel reset 45 service reset 46 service reset 47 service reset 48 service reset 49 service reset 40 service reset 50 service rese		creating a personalized support web page 84
power consumption 41 problem ticket number 48 redundancy failure 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset or backup 31 reset or backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuration 45 service and support 48 service level reset 45 service l		
problem ticket number 48 redundancy failure 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 redundant 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 15 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup onfiguration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service data 45, 49 service data 46, 49 service data file 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service-level reset 46 service-level reset 46 service-level reset 47 service-level reset 48 service-level reset 49 service-level reset 40 service-level reset 41 service-level reset 40 service-		. •
redundant of allure 33 reset and and 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 15 restore backup onfiguration 31 restore backup onfiguration 31 save configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving onfiguration 30 saving onfiguration 30 saving onfiguration 30 saving onfiguration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 serviceable events 44 serviceable events 44 serviceable problems 48 snmp event recipients 44 snmp recipients 43 starting the chasis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 starting web interface 18 custom support web page 84 D D Danger notice, meaning 2 disable centralized user account management disable (asable 30) disable centralized user account management 25 documentation using 84 download service data 45, 49 DSA, sending data 84 DSA, sending data 84 SE E electronic emission Class A notice 90 enable support 48 environmental information 41 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement 4 event 10g 43 event 10g 43 event 10g 43 event 10g 43 event 44 event 10g 43 event 49 event 40, 43, 55, 59 F FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 16, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13	•	
redundant 33 reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 15 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup configuration 31 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49 service data 18 service events 44 service events 44 service reset 45, 49 service reset 45, 49 service reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service and support settings 48 service reset 45, 49 service bevel reset 45 service reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service bevels 44 serviceable problems 48 serviceable problems 48 smmp event 44 smmp recipients 44 support 48 enable support	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	, ,
reset 33, 45, 49 reset to default 15 restore backup 31 restore backup configuration 31 save configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving onliquration 30 saving onliquration 30 service 45 service and support settings service 45 service and support settings service 45 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service events 44 service level reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 serviceable events 44 serviceable orentalized user management 25 documentation using 84 download service data 45, 49 DSA, sending data 84 E electronic emission Class A notice 90 enable service and support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 enviroemable problems 48 snmp event recipients 44 snmp web interface 38 stating the chassis management module web interface 38 stating the chassis management module web interface 48 system status 38, 40 table view, 38, 40 table view, 45, 48 Ul 1, 38 user authority 25, 35 user authority equired 25		•
reset to default 15 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup 31 restore backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49 service data file 49 service events 44 service events 44 service events 44 service events 44 service bevents 44 serviceable problems 48 service label vewnts 44 serviceable problems 48 smp event recipients 44 snmp event recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 suffice call the stating web interface 38 starting web interface 38 stating web interface 38 status, system status 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tis 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25		custom support web page 64
restore backup 31 restore backup configuration 31 save configuration 31 save configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving service 45 service and support settings 48 service data 45, 49 service data 16 49 service data file 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service bevel reset 45 service bevel reset 45 serviceable problems 48 servicebale problems 48 servicebable problems 48 servicebable problems 48 servicebable problems 48 service bevel reset 45 service problems 48 service bevel reset 45 service and support 48 enable service with 4 service bevel reset 45 service and support 48 enable service and support 48 enable support 48 enables support 49 service with 44 system information 41 event log 43 event log information 43 event log information 43 event log information 43 event log information 44 event sequence number 45 of firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		
restore backup configuration 31 save configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 service 45 service at 5 service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49 service data 41 service data 45, 49 service data file 49 service events 44 service level reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service level reset 45 service bevents 44 serviceable problems 48 smmp event 44 serviceable problems 48 smmp event recipients 44 solutions 41 satisfied to the status 41 sal 76 standby 33 starting web interface 38 starting web interface 38 status status status status status status status 41 system information 38 system status 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 ta		_
restore configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving configuration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 serviceable wents 44 serviceable problems 48 snmp event 44 snmp event recipients 44 snmp event recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 ssl setting 76 statusing web interface 38 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 systog recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view, 76 table view, 76 table view, 76 table view, 6 hassis 38 tls 76 tto setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority required 25 langer notice, meaning 2 disable centralized user account management disable entralized user management 25 documentation using 84 download service data 45, 49 DSA, sending data 84 Service-level reset 45 serviceable problems 48 service and support 48 electronic emission Class A notice 90 enable service and support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 enable support 44 event log 43 event recipients 44 event sequence number 44 event 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Fick System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 redundant power policy 13		ט
save configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving 84 download service data 45, 49 DSA, sending data 84 support 48 electronic emission Class A notice 90 enable service and support 48 enable support 49 event sequence number 44 event sequence 44 event sequence number 56, 59 firmware 56, 59 f		Dangar nation, magning, 2
disable 80 service 45 service and support settings 48 service data 45, 49 service events 44 service level reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service reset 45, 49 service level reset 45 serviceable problems 48 serviceable problems 48 serviceable problems 44 somp event 44 somp event recipients 44 som recipients 44 solutating the chassis management module web interface 38 starting the chassis management module web interface 38		
saving configuration 30 service 45 service and support settings 48 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service and support 48 service level reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service level reset 45 service reset 45 service and support 48 service and support 48 service and support 48 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service and support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 environmental information 56 environmental information 41 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement event id 44 event log 43 event log information 43 event recipients 43 event log information 43 event recipients 44 systomy information 38 system 38, 40 support 45 systomy information 38 system status 38, 40 support 45 systomy information 38 system status 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tis 76 tts setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority required 25	saving backup configuration 30	
service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service events 44 service reset 45 service reset 45 service level reset 45 service-level reset 45 serviceable events 44 serviceable problems 48 snmp event 44 snmp recipients 44 SOL status 41 Sol 76 slating web interface 38 starting the chassis management module web interface starting web interface 44 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 stable view 38, 40 table	saving configuration 30	
service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49 service data 45, 49 service data file 49 service level reset 45 service level reset 45 service-level reset 45 service level reset 45 se		
service data 45, 49 service data file 49 service events 44 service level reset 45 service-level reset 45 service and support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 enable support 48 environment information 56 environmental information 41 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement 90 event log 43 event log information 43 event sequence number 44 event seventy 44, 48 event sequence number 44 event seventy 44, 48 event sequence number 44 event seventy 44, 48 event sequence number 44 event source 44 event source 44 event source 44 event source 75 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Fiex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power redundancy 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		
service events 44 service level reset 45 service reset 45, 49 service level reset 45 service-level reset 45 service-level reset 45 service-level reset 45 service-level reset 45 serviceable events 44 serviceable events 44 somp event 44 snmp event 44 snmp event recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 system status 38, 40 support 45 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UII 1, 38 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 E electronic emission Class A notice 90 enable service and support 48 environment information 56 environment information 41 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement 90 event log information 43 event recipients 43-44 event sequence number 44 event sequence number 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 F FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power management 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		download service data 45, 49
service events 44 service level reset 45 service ticket number 48 service-level reset 45 serviceable events 44 serviceable problems 48 snmp event 44 serviceable problems 48 enable support 49 enabl		
service level reset 45, 49 service reset 45, 49 service reset 45, 49 service reset 45, 49 serviceable events 44 serviceable events 44 sorviceable problems 44 sorviceable problems 44 sorviceable problems 44 sorviceable problems 44 SOL status 41 sump recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface starting web interface 38 starting the chassis management module web interface starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tts 76 tts setting 76 tts s		
service reset 45, 49 service ticket number 48 service-level reset 45 serviceable events 44 serviceable problems 48 serviceable problems 48 smmp event 44 snmp event recipients 44 snmp event recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 ssl 76 ssl setting 76 ssl setting 76 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 stesting 76 stesting 76 stesting 76 tls setting 76		
service-level reset 45 service-level reset 44 service and support 48 enable service and support 48 enter or in able service and support 48 event to g 44 event sequence number 4 event sequence number 4 event sequence number 4 event sequence number 4 event seque		F
service-level reset 45 serviceable events 44 snmp event 44 snmp event recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 ssl setting 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 tls setting 76 tls setting 76 system status 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76		-
serviceable problems 48 snmp event 44 snmp event 44 snmp recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 ssl 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority required 25		electronic emission Class A notice 90
snmp event 44 snmp event recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 ssl setting 76 sstandby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 event log information 43 event sequence number 44 event severity 44, 48 event sequence number 44 event sequence number 49 event sequence number 40 event sequence number 40 event sequence number 44 event sequence number 40 event seque	serviceable events 44	enable service and support 48
snmp event recipients 44 snmp recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 ssl setting 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 syslog recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 environmental information 41 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement 90 event id 44 event log 43 event log information 43 event sequence number 44 event sequence number 44 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13	serviceable problems 48	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
snmp recipients 44 SOL status 41 ssl 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 European Union EMC Directive conformance statement event id 44 event sevent id 44 event log information 43 event recipients 43–44 event severity 44, 48 event severity 44, 48 event severity 44, 48 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13	snmp event 44	
SOL status 41 ssl 76 ssl setting 76 standby 33 stanting the chassis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 event id 44 event log information 43 event log information 43 event sequence number 44 event severity 44, 48 event source 44 events source 44 events source 47 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		
ssl 76 ssl setting 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 event log 43 event log information 43 event sequence number 44 event sequence number 44 event severity 44, 48 event source 44 events ource 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		•
ssl setting 76 standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 event log information 43 event sequence number 44 event sequence number 44 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware 56, 59 firmware 56, 59 firmware 13 power management Module managing power 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		
standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 event recipients 43–44 event sequence number 44 event severity 44, 48 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		
starting the chassis management module web interface 38 starting web interface 38 status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
starting web interface 38 event severity 44, 48 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 syslog event recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 event severity 44, 48 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13	 	
status, system 38, 40 support 45 syslog event recipients 44 syslog recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 event source 44 events 40, 43, 55, 59 F F F F F F F F F F F F F		•
support 45 syslog event recipients 44 syslog recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 events 40, 43, 55, 59 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		·
syslog recipients 44 system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user auctount 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		events 40, 43, 55, 59
system information 38 system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user auctoout 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		
system status 38, 40 table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user auctoout 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13	, , ,	
table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 FCC Class A notice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13	•	F
table view, chassis 38 tls 76 tls setting 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 FCC Class A Holice 90 firmware 56, 59 firmware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		•
tls 76 tls setting 76 tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25	·	FCC Class A notice 90
tls setting 76 troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 Illimware information 56 Flex System Chassis Management Module managing power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13		,
troubleshooting 45, 48 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25		
UI 1, 38 user account 25 user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25 user authority required 25 Initialigning power 13 power management 13 power redundancy 13 redundant power policy 13	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
user account 25 power redundancy 13 user authority required 25 redundant power policy 13		
user authority 25, 35 user authority required 25	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
user authority required 25		•
	user authority required 25	

G	LED state 57
gaseous contamination 89	LEDs 41, 57, 59 login 51
general 40 Germany Class A statement 90	IMM 51
global settings 54	
graphical interface 38 graphical user interface 38	M
graphical view 38, 40 graphical view, chassis 38 GUI 38	manage compute nodes 54 manage LED 41 manage LEDs 41 manage nodes 54
Н	manage servers 54 manage storage 58 management network status 55
hard restart 45, 49 hardware 59 hardware service and support telephone numbers 85 help from the World Wide Web 84	managing multiple chassis 42 monitoring networked chassis 42 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis 42 multiple chassis monitor 42 mutual authentication certificate import
from World Wide Web 84 sending diagnostic data 84 sources of 83	using web interface 18 mutual authentication import of CA using web interface 18 mutual authentication import of CSR using web interface 18
dentify LED 59	M
ignored service problems 48	N
IMM firmware 22 login 29, 51 remote access 22 remote console 22 remote session 22 impact (mutual authorition) of CA	New Zealand Class A statement 90 non-mutual authentication certificate import using web interface 18 non-mutual authentication import of CA using web interface 18 non-mutual authentication import of LDAP certificate
import (mutual authentication) of CA using web interface 18	using web interface 18 notes, important 88
import (non-mutual authentication) of CA using web interface 18 Important notice, meaning 2	notices 87 electronic emission 90
important notices 88 information center 84	FCC, Class A 90
information, system 38 interface, graphical 38	0
interface, graphical user 38 IO connectivity 59	open storage node 59
IO modulestacking events 60	
launch 60 ping 60 power 60	P
reset defaults 60 restart 60 IPMI 25	particulate contamination 89 People's Republic of China Class A electronic emission statement 92 power allocation 41
•	power cap 59 power capping 59
J	power consumption 41, 59 power information 56 power on 54
Japan Class A electronic emission statement 91	power on delay 55, 59 problem ticket number 48 product service, Taiwan 85
K	Provision IPMI 25
Korea Class A electronic emission statement 92	Provision SNMPv3 25
L	R
launch storage node 59 LDAP certificate import (non-mutual authentication)	redundancy failure 33 redundant 33 requirements
using web interface 18 LED 41, 57, 59 LED management 41	CMM software, web interface 3 reset 33, 45, 49

reset to defaults 80	Т
restart 54 Russia Class A electronic emission statement 92	table view 38, 40 table view, chassis 38 Taiwan Class A electronic emission statement 92
S	Taiwan product service 85 telecommunication regulatory statement 89 telephone numbers 85
save CMM configuration 30 saving backup configuration 30 saving CMM configuration 30 sending diagnostic data 84	trademarks 88 troubleshooting 45, 48
serial over lan status 57 service 45	U
service and support before you call 83 hardware 85 software 85 service and support settings 48 service contact 48 service data 45, 49–51	UI 1, 38 United States FCC Class A notice 90 user interface 1 user interface introduction 1 user interface, graphical 38
service data file 49	
service events 44 service level reset 45	V
service reset 45, 49	view, chassis graphical 38
service ticket number 48	view, chassis table 38
service-level reset 45	view, graphical 38
serviceable events 44	virtual re-seat 45, 49
serviceable problems 48	virtual reseat 45, 49
setup 6 setup wizard 6	
SNMPv3 25	
software	W
requirements, CMM web interface 3	
software service and support telephone numbers 85	web interface 5 CA authentication 16
sol status 57	CA mutual authentication import 18
SOL status 41	CA non-mutual authentication import 18
standby 33 starting the chassis management module web interface 35	certificate authentication 16
status, system 38, 40	CSR authentication 16
storage node 58	CSR import (mutual authentication) 18
storage node restart 58	LDAP certificate import (non-mutual authentication) 18
storage node service data 50–51	mutual authentication certificate import 18 non-mutual authentication certificate import 18
storage power restart 58	web user interface 1
support 45	wizard 6
support web page, custom 84 system information 38	
system information 36 system information quick view 38	
system status 38, 40	

Lenovo

Part Number: SP47A31812

Printed in China

(1P) P/N: SP47A31812

